RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Ext., BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
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VOL. XIV NO. 104- BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1926 ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 6 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

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Daily Edition.

	Local.	Mofussil.
1 Year	Rs. 25	Rs. 30
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3 Months	Rs. 6-4	Rs. 7-8
1 Month	Rs. 2-2	Rs. 2-8

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SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

SUNDAY EDITION

	Local.	Mofussil.	Foreign.
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SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD.,
ESTABLISHED 1876.
NO. 35, MEDOWS STREET,
Behind Currency Bank.
FUNDED CAPITAL RS. 2,64,600.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on First 12 months' subscription.
For details apply for a Copy of Rules to:
GAJANAND SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

32 Pillars of Strength
to prop up your decaying body
for RUPEE ONE only.
They are the world-renowned
Atank Nigrah Pills.
Particulars from
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY
JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar.)
Bombay Office: Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

EYE TROUBLES
of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Corneal Ulcer, redness, etc. Even Cataract, Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand 'Lotus Honey'—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Trial Solicited, Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 Drams Rs. 4-0 Ask free particulars to:—
NEW FORMULA Co., B. and C. OFFICE
Kandi Bengal, India.
Tel. "Ulcer," Kandi.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA.
(Incorporated in England)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.
P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1926			
8 May	RAJPUTANA		16,109
15 ,,	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA	11,080
22 ,,	RAWALPINDI		16,619
29 ,,	DELTA	MOOLTAN	20,847
5 June	CHINA		7,952
12 ,,	RAZMAK	MALWA*	10,941
19 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
26 ,,	RAZMAK	MALOJAx	20,837
3 July	MOREA		10,918
10 ,,	RAZMAK	MANTUA	10,902
17 ,,	RAJPUTANA		16,568
24 ,,	RAZMAK	NALDERAx	15,993
31 ,,	RAWALPINDI		16,619
7 Aug.	RAZMAK	RANPURA*	16,585
14 ,,	CHINA		7,952
21 ,,	RAZMAK	NARKUNDAx	16,227
28 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
*Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL SHORT PERIOD FIRST SALOON RETURN TICKETS.
These tickets at reduced rates are available for passengers leaving Bombay on and after 5th June 1926 and arriving in Bombay 24th September 1926, both dates inclusive. The rates are as follows:—
To London and back by Sea £105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train across France in both direction £130
To Marseilles and back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1926		
6th May	DUMANA	8,427
15th ,,	DURENDA*	7,241
1st July	MANORA	7,888
22nd July	MERKARA	8,285
12th Aug.	MANELA	8,303
2nd Sept.	DUMANA	8,441

*Cargo vessel only will not convey passengers.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN and AUSTRALIA.

1926		
8th May	JEYPOR*	China & Japan.
15th ,,	ATLANTIC MARU*	China & Japan.
22nd June	DELTA connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA ..	Straits, China & Japan. For Australia.

* Will not convey Passengers

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1926		
5th or 6th May	JANUS ..	Colombo, Madras & Calcutta.
5th ,,	BARPETA ..	Busreh via Karachi and P. Gulf
7th ,,	VARSOVA ..	Busreh via Karachi
8th ,,	CHAKLA ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.
10th ,,	VITA ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.
12th ,,	KARAGOLA ..	East & S. Africa

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday Sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail steamer or through passengers to Busreh.
Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.
FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.
For freights and other particulars apply to:—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
YAMAGATA M.	3807	30 April	12 May
*TAMBA MARU	5845	4 May	17 May
MURORAN M.	5374	19 May	2 June
*AWA MARU.	6028	28 May	11 June
TOKUSHIMA M.	5976	18 June	2 July
*SADO MARU	5898	28 June	12 July

*Passenger Steamers.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone No. 20279. Telegrams: "Yusen."

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
O.S.K. LINE
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Depart.
Serbistan	R. Yoshimori	3,074	16 April	4 May
*Indo Maru ..	S. Takata	5,001	30 ,,	5 ,,
Indo Maru..	..	..	13 May	17 ,,
Hamburg Maru ..	K. Orihara	5,220	9 ,,	23 May
Borneo M.	T. Motoshigo	5,864	24 ,,	7 June

* Proceeds to Karachi.
For particulars apply to:—
T. OHARA, Manager.
'Phone No. 21150, Telegrams: "SHOSEN."
P. O. Box. No. 855.
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

AMICHAND GOVANJI.
THE OLDEST AND MOST POPULAR CONFECTIONER'S DEPOT IN INDIA ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY AGO.
Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 670.
This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificates:—
Vegetarian Federal Union, 16, Farringdon Street, E. C.
We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.
(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.
LADWAS (sweet balls) of various description and sizes.
SUTTERFENNY (a fluid of thread-like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.
HALWAS of different descriptions such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (b) Saffron Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Rose-scented Halva, (e) Venila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.
All orders executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.
No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot, bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.
No V. P. P. will receive our attention.
The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

INSURANCE.

THE EAST & WEST INSURANCE CO., LTD.
65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay
Invites special attention of the Public to their very attractive schemes of Life Insurance under Tables XII, XIII and XIV. Automatic non-forfeiture clause a speciality. Money paid never lost. AGENTS WANTED in unrepresented Districts.
For particulars apply to:—
DALAL & CO.,
Secretaries.

TOUCH STONE.
TO SELECT A LIFE OFFICE.
Choose a life office which:—
1. Has stood the test of time.
2. Is popular and easily accessible.
3. Has the reputation for prompt settlement of claims.
4. Is liberal and sympathetic.
5. Has declared the highest bonus for its age.
6. Has the best mortality experience at its back.
7. Has a large silent reserve.
8. Has its Head Office at your Doors.
9. Has its policies free from all vexatious conditions.
10. Has moderate rates of premia compatible with safety.
"BHARAT"
one will answer to the above requirements. Please communicate with
K. C. VIDYARTHI,
Manager, Head Office, Lahore.
Messrs. DUTT & CO.
Chief Agents, Karwar.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.
BANKERS.
Nederlandsche Handel—Maatschappy.
(Incorporated in Holland.)
Established by Royal Charter 1824
Fully paid up Capital ..... F 80,000,000 = £ 6,666,666
Reserve Funds ..... F 43,196,862 = £ 3,599,738
Head Office at AMSTERDAM (Holland).
Agencies at ROTTERDAM & THE HAGUE
Head Agency at BATAVIA.
BRANCHES:
Dutch East Indies:—

Bandjermasin	Macassar	Semarang
Bandoeng	Medan	Sourabaya
Cheribon	Padang	Solo
Djember	Palembang	Tegal
Djocja	Pekalongan	Tjilatjap
Kota Radja	Pontianak	Weltevreden

Straits Settlements:—Singapore, Penang.
British India:—Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon.
Japan:—Kobe.
China:—Hongkong, Shanghai.
London Bankers:—The National Provincial Bank, Ltd.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance up to Rs. 100,000. If the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10 no interest will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT DRAFTS issued on the above Agencies the principal Continental places, South Africa, America and Australia.
Every description of Banking, Exchange and Bullion business transacted.
BOMBAY OFFICE:—82, Esplanade Road.
A. P. HOOGENSTEYN,
Actg:. Agent.

"B. C. P. W." ASVAN— Best Nervine Tonic
"B. C. P. W." PYREX— Malaria Specific.
MANUFACTURED BY
BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, Ld.
Can be had from all Chemists or from their
SOLE AGENTS:—
THE POPULAR PHARMACY (Regd.)
(Phone No. 40784.)
18, Lamington Road, GRANT ROAD. and at Sandhurst Road GIRGAUM.

INSURANCE.

1925 ANNUAL REPORT
A Year of Achievement

New Insurance written	Rs.	20,16,83,685
Insurance in Force	,,	98,38,85,325
Assets - - - - -	,,	18,44,38,213
Payments to Policyholders	,,	1,64,16,935
Dividends to be paid Policyholders in 1926	,,	40,49,085

SALIENT FEATURES
Record Volume of New Business
Largest Payments to Policyholders
Increased Dividends to Policyholders
Favourable Mortality
Company continued the practice of investing its funds in Government Bonds, High Class Municipal Debentures and First Mortgages on Improved Real Estate
Write for Copy of Annual Report
THE MANUFACTURERS' LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1887
Bombay Offices:—49/51, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort.
M. KANJI & CO., *General Agents.*

THE INDIA PROVIDENT CO., LTD.
ESTABLISHED:—1910:
Dividend declared annually since 1922 at 30 %
The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor, Premium Re. 1 or 8 annas per month. Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to the SECRETARY, 29, Grey Street, CALCUTTA. Or to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co., Chief Agents Escof Building, D'Lima Street, Mazagon—Bombay.

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW
WHO KNOWS
What is going to happen?
But
1. Mumtaz muddle, Bureaucratic tactics, renowned Indian Chiefs driven to misfortunes, Mahatma Gandhi's mental and bodily changes, Ramsay Macdonald Labour Government's expected brutal murder soon after its birth, recent Japan and American Earthquakes, the recent fall in Broach-Cotton from 424, 410 to 340, all these important events, predicted long before, turned exact!
By
THE UNIVERSAL ASTROLOGICAL AND STATISTICAL BUREAU, INDORE, C. I.
2. In your case too their predictions must turn correct; consult and remove your present worries in all matters!!
3. Send your birth data with time, date, month and year with 5 to 10 Rs. remittance and see your past, present and future, how wonderfully and exactly is predicted!!!
! CHECK FAILURES! SAVE LOSSES !
Our representative:—
Short stay:— WATSON HOTEL Room No. 111. NEAR MUSEUM, BOMBAY.
COTTON FORECAST;—A SPECIALITY.

CLASSIFIED ADVT.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA
PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A CLERK having experience of insurance work; wages Rs. 100, rising to Rs. 150. Apply Box No. 1357 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R3111

WANTED—Post as PRIVATE SECRETARY or MANAGER by a smart Musalman gentleman of family and experience. Excellent testimonials. Reasonable terms. Apply Box No. 1350, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 26539

WANTED—MEN, everywhere, to earn Rs. 60 weekly at home. Full details and working plan sent for 5 annas stamps. Apply BUSINESS STANDARDS SERVICE BUREAU, 10, Temple Road, Colombo, Ceylon.
A R3044

WANTED.—SHORTHAND-TYPIST, having thorough experience and Mercantile Correspondence, daily 2 hours any during office hours, Re. 1 per day. Stating experience and suitable time Box No. 1354 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R3114

WANTED—Experienced and responsible EDITOR, who can write English and Gujarati for a newspaper to be started in Kenya. Mention previous experience and apply to Messrs. PANDYA & CO., P. O. Box No. 135, Mombasa (Kenya).
26543

WANTED—SIGNAL INSPECTOR, capable of supervising erection and maintenance of interlocking apparatus as well as electrical equipment of same. Pay maximum Rs. 170 p.m. Apply stating qualifications to the DEPUTY MANAGER, ENGINEERING, Jodhpur Railway, Jodhpur.
R26540

WANTED—Influential experienced SALESMAN, who can sell and push the business thoroughly well of all sorts of coloured goods viz., long cloths drills, dyed in various shades, in the market on large scale. Terms Commission and conditions will be made. None but the experts in this line should apply to Box No. 135', Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R3112

SALARY Rs. 60-260 p.m. IN 30 DAYS—We can help you to these salaries. We have done this for others. Learn an absolutely NEW SHORTHAND IN 30 DAYS BY POST OR PERSONALLY. Easiest, simplest and highest speed system in the world. The wonder of the age. Only 9 characters and 3 rules. Two days' FREE trial. No money unless you are fully satisfied. Hawaid College, Rawalpindi.
A T.S.

HOUSES, FLATS WANTED.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION—SMALL ROOM, Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 per month, water and W. C. conveniences essential. Anywhere Fort, Dhobi Talao, Market, Nagpada, etc., also considered. Box No. 1353, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
D R3113

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

NEW SEXUAL SCIENCE.—Important and New Discoveries in. A wonderful instructive BOOKLET FREE. Bernard Pallsyco, Rawalpindi.
L T.S.

EDUCATIONAL.

MATRICULATION ENGLISH. Taught by Post. Particulars from Post Box 20, Poona Cantonment.
R3091

TECHNICAL AND COMMERCIAL TRAINING.—A thorough knowledge of your Profession or Trade is essential to ensure success in your career. We can train you in your spare time and shall send you full particulars of our courses. Apply (stating your profession) to the REGISTRAR. INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS OF LONDON, 17, Murzban Road, Fort, Bombay.
M 24391

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

MONEY-MAKING WAYS & SECRETS (with small capital and without capital) taught by correspondence course. Success sure. Fees lowest. Box No. 1355, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R3118

SILKS COMPLETE SUIT LENGTH 3½ yds. by 54in., most durable and decent for Rs. 7-8. RETURNED IF UNAPPROVED. Limited stock. The BENARES INDUSTRIES, LTD., Benares.
T R3033

BUILDING MATERIALS FOR SALE—Retail or wholesale. Doors Panelled, etc., Windows, one large Beam 26 feet long and other beams. Joists tie beams Purlins Teak, Jungle wood, small large rafters Posts 6" and 5" coping, Dubbar, stones, cart, ect. Apply at once to G. A. MIRKAR, opposite Parvati Wadi, Mogul Gully, Vakil's Bungalow Lady Jamsetjee Road, Mahim Bombay.
T R3117

PROFESSION.

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY. (Under Special Diet.)

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V. P. P. for Ans. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, DysPepsia, etc., etc., PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy). 8, Nandibagan Lane, Sulkhia (Howrah)

N. B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," A guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 Extra.

PHOTOGRAPHY

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR.
"Bombay Chronicle"
Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED—A trained SANITARY INSPECTOR for the Byadgi Municipality on Rs. 40/2/60. Those having previous experience, having served in Municipalities need only apply. Apply sharp with testimonials to the undersigned on or before 30/6/1926. Candidates will be called for interview at their cost.

M. C. SHETTAR,
President, Byadgi Municipality.
Municipal Office Byadgi
Dated 30th April, 1926. C26541

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per Column Inch per Insertion.

1st Insertion .... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion .... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion .... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions .... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

THE KARNATAK MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Karnatak Manufacturing Co., Ltd., will be held on THURSDAY, the 20th day of May, 1926, at 3 p.m. at the Office of the Company's Factory at Hubli, for the purpose of transacting the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the duly audited Balance Sheets and Profit and Loss Accounts of the Company for the period from 1st November 1917 to 31st October, 1925.
2. To consider about the distribution of profits.
3. To confirm the appointments of Mr V. N. Sirur, Mr. G. N. Madiman (since resigned), Mrs. Umabai Kundapur and Mr. S. S. Karanje, as Directors of the Company.
4. To sanction the auditor's remuneration, who audited the Company's accounts for 8 years from 1st November, 1917 to 31st October, 1925.
5. To appoint an auditor for the current year and fix his remuneration.
6. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 13th day of May, 1926, to the 27th day of May, 1926.

By order of the Board,
K. SANJIVRAO & CO.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Dated 30th April, 1926.
288, Kopikar Road, Hubli. C26538

THE KARNATAK MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Karnatak Mfg. Co., Ltd., will be held at the Office of the Company's Factory at Hubli on the 15th day of May, 1926, at 3 p.m. when the subjoined resolutions will be proposed:—

(1) That the place of the Registered Office of the Company be changed from Bombay to Hubli.
(2) That the Articles of Association be altered in the manner following:—
(a) the words "IN HUBLI" shall be substituted for the words "IN BOMBAY", wherever the same occur.
(b) In article 125 the word "one" shall be substituted for the word "two."

Notice is also given that a further extraordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the same place on the 31st day of May, 1926, at 3 p.m. for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at the abovementioned Meeting and of confirming, if thought fit as special resolutions, the abovementioned resolutions.

By order of the Board,
K. SANJIVRAO & CO.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Dated this 30th day of April, 1926.
288, Kopikar Road, Hubli. C26537

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the estate of the late Jamnadas Sheksaria are hereby required to submit the same to the undersigned at the Office of Messrs. Mumraj Rambhagat at Shaik Memon Street, within fifteen days from the date hereof, after which time the undersigned will proceed to distribute the moneys recovered by them pro rata his Creditors.

Dated this 27th day of April, 1926.
PRAHLADRAI RAMJIDASS.
LACHHIRAM CHURIWALA,
NANDLAL KEDARMAL PODAR,
Receiver of the Estate of late Jamnadas Sheksaria.
R3111

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC that Mr. MADHAVRAO D. VIJAYAKAR has severed his connection as a partner in the Pioneer Dyeing Works, from 23rd April, 1926, and that he has no connection or claim or share in the said business and that I am the Sole Proprietor of the said concern and that the public should not deal with him in the connection with the said business and if anybody does he will do so at his own risk and the Proprietor of the said concern shall not be liable for any claims or debts of Mr. M. D. Vijaykar.

BHALCHANDRA HARISCHANDRA PATHARE,
Sole Proprietor,
The Pioneer Dyeing Works,
Girgaum, Bombay.
R3115

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of JAMNADAS RAGHAVJEE, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Rice Broker ..... Deceased.

PREMJI RATTANSHY, of Bombay. Hindu Inhabitant, a Clerk in the employ of Messrs. Currimbhoy Lalji Sajan and Co., residing at Bhuleshwar, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty-third day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-six and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
R. B. PATEL.

The 23rd day of April, 1926.
Messrs. MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C26542

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

No. 1387 30/4/26.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SUKHLAL NANJI, of Dhangadra, late Jain Bania Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Dhangadra ..... Deceased.

JIVANLAL NANJI, of Bombay, Jain Bania Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Pydhoni, outside the Fort, a lampware merchant, brother of the deceased on behalf of Bai Bhuri, minor widow of the said deceased, and limited to the period of her minority ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letter of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Fifteenth day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and twenty six and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.

The 15th day of April, 1926.
MESSRS. RAMANLAL & HIMATLAL,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

AUCTION SALES.

J. S. MODY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
20, Apollo Street, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF 204 PACKAGES JAPANESE COTTON YARN.

On MONDAY, the 10th day of May, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction near Hanuman Temple at Tamba Kanta, Pydhownie by order of the office concerned on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties.

On account and at the risk of Messrs. Janoo Hassan, Khand Bazar, Mandevi.
25 bales of 40s yarn, Horsehead Ex s.s. "Tokushima Maru", 2/6/25.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Sankalchand Hemchand, Tamba Kanta, Pydhownie.
8 bales of 32s yarn Any Chap.
Ex s.s. "Tamba Maru," 23/5/25.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Abdul Satar Valimahomed, late of New Kasai Moholla, Nagdevi St.. now having their office at Old Kazi Moholla, Furniture Bazar.
5 cases 2/64 Mercerised Bleached yarn "Shiraho". Ex s.s. "Sumatra Maru," 11/10/24.
4 bales 40s yarn Any Chap. Ex s.s. "Celebes Maru," 1/9/24.
3 bales 40s yarn Any Chap. Ex s.s. "Aki Maru," 17/9/24.
7 bales 32s yarn Moon and Star. Ex s.s. "Asuka Maru," 12/4/25
10 bales 32s yarn Moon and Star. Ex s.s. "Borneo Maru," 29/4/25.
5 bales 40s yarn Peacock Ex s.s. "Sumatra Maru," 12/5/25.
16 bales 40s yarn Peacock. Ex s.s. "Tamba Maru" 23/5/25.
2 bales 40s yarn Peacock. Ex s.s. "Tokushima Maru," 2/6/25.
2 bales 40s yarn, Peacock. Ex s.s. "Keyei Maru," 3/6/25.
25 bales 40s yarn Asahi. Ex s.s. "Sumatra Maru." 12/5/25.
12 bales 32s yarn Any Chap. Ex s.s. "Tokushima Maru," 2/6/25.
13 bales 32s yarn Any Chap. Ex s.s. "Rangoon Maru", 9/6/25.
8 cases 2/64 yarn Mercerised Bleached Shiraho. Ex s.s. "Bingo Maru," 2/6/25.
12 cases 2/64 yarn Mercerised Bleached Shiraho. Ex s.s. "Honolulu Maru", 1/7/25.
On account and at the risk of Messrs. Abdulcurrim Haji Valimahomed, late of Nagdevi St., now at Old Kazi Moholla, Furniture Bazar.
10 bales 40s yarn Peacock. Ex s.s. "Kakata Maru," 14/5/25.
3 bales 40s yarn Peacock. Ex s.s. "Keyei Maru," 2/6/25.
20 bales 32s yarn Any Chap. Ex s.s. "Sumatra Maru," 12/5/25.
9 bales 40s yarn Fukujo. Ex s.s. "Honolulu Maru," 1/7/25.
5 bales 40s yarn Fukujo. Ex s.s. "Argun Maru." 13/7/25.

Terms:—25 per cent deposit. Delivery within 7 days.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

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A HAROLD LLOYD PICTURE that will keep you laughing throughout 3 reels. Not a dull moment

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Three lovely Egyptian Ladies will give a number of Egyptian and Indian Dances at each show on the stage. Dances of exquisite beauty and high artistic merit. Special musical accompaniment. Don't miss seeing this great attraction.

3. "Bob White"
A Picture that thrills. A woman's proof of her great powers and resource. A series of heroic deeds.

SPECIAL 2 HOURS' SHOWS AT
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Saturdays, Sundays from 3 P. M.
POPULAR PRICES:
3 As. 4 As. 8 As. 12 As. Re. 1/. and Rs. 1-8.

CROWN CINEMA
Marble Theatre, Sandhurst Road.

SEE THIS WEEK
AT
CINEMA MAJESTIC
Sharda Film's Super Production
AJAB-KUMARI
TIME AND RATES AS USUAL.

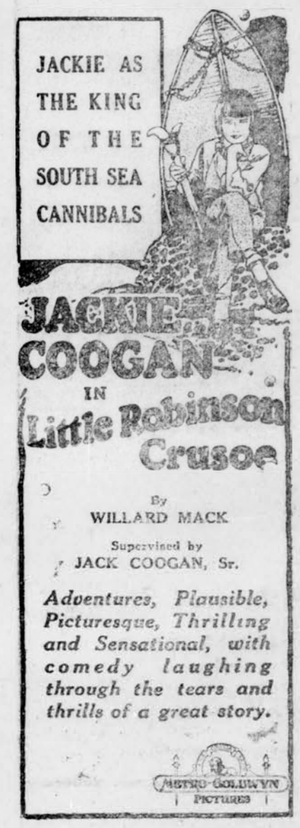
AMUSEMENTS.

SEE
"THE GOLD DIGGERS"
Nine Reels
A screen version of the big Belasco and Broadway sensation
WITH
Hope Hampton, Louise Fazenda and Windham Standing.
A gold digger is a young woman, generally good looking, who painlessly extracts money and other valuables from the gentlemen of her acquaintance, usually without making them adequate return.
—*Avery Hopwood.*
WARNER BROTHERS CLASSIC OF THE SCREEN.

Pathe Super Gazette
Twice the length of the ordinary gazette and containing the latest news in pictures.
TIME—: 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Patrons please note change of time.
PATHE CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
6-30 and 10 p.m.
FULL COMEDY PROGRAMME
Including
HAROLD LLOYD
SNUB POLLARD.
and the world's leading Laughter Merchants

EMPIRE THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 & 10 P. M.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JACKIE COOGAN IN Little Robinson Crusoe
By WILLARD MACK
Supervised by JACK COOGAN, Sr.
Adventures, Plausible, Picturesque, Thrilling and Sensational, with comedy laughing through the tears and thrills of a great story.
METRO-GOLDWYN PICTURES

EMPRESS THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 & 10 P. M.
The Sensation of the Screen
BUCK JONES
IN
THE SQUARE SHOOTER
A Tale of the Land when the best man wins

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UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAD OF BARODA

GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI

Will open
The First Performance of their NEW DRAMA !

"MENAKA"

By Mr. K. P. KHADILKER (Editor, Navakal)
on THURSDAY, 13th May 1926 at 3-15 P. M. (S.T.)
AT
RIPON THEATRE. **GRANT ROAD,**

Tickets can be had at the Elphinstone Theatre daily from 8 to 11 in the Morning.
Book Your Seats Immediately !

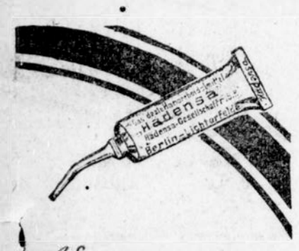
Under the kind patronage of
H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda,

GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI

Will stage
AT THE RIPON THEATRE
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY
ON
WEDNESDAY, 5th May, at 8-30 P. M.

MUK-NAYAK

RATES AS USUAL.



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PILE
CURE

Hadensa not only cures piles but it has a tonic action which gets right down to the affected parts and cases the pain. In Europe, it is prescribed and used by the medical fraternity.

Interesting literature on request.

Obtainable from:-
The INTERNATIONAL TRADERS
Ahmedabad
and all Chemists.
HADENSA
Rps 2/4/- large tube.

WHAT IS YOUR GOAL

Many people SAVE for rainy days.
Some people SAVE for a Home or a Motor Car.
Some SAVE for Holiday Enjoyment.
Others in order to give education to their children when they grow up.
Some SAVE to live comfortably when they retire from active work.
Others SAVE to see their children live comfortably after them.
Whatever be your goal the only SURE way of reaching it is by Regular Saving and Prudent Investing.
Choose your goal, and open a HOME SAVINGS BANK account with the CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
Determine what you should save each month and deposit that amount regularly

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA
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Karnik's AGUE Mixture
THE tried specific for Ague, intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price Annas FOURTEEN
KARNIK Depot—BOMBAY 4.
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Mhatre's Art Studio.

Photograph of the Memorial bust of the late
RAI PANNALALJI MEHTA.
C. I. E., Dewan of Udaipur State.
(by G. K. Mhatre.)

Works in Marble and Bronze Statues both Ideal and Memorial as well as Portraits, Designs, etc. executed to order.

Proprietor :—
G. K. MHATRE,
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HALF-WATT PHILIPS' LAMPS.
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A COMBINATION FOR THE RICH TO BECOME MANLY AND HEALTHY
ANANGA PROBHA YAKUTI
is the best nerve tonic for overworked and used up energy and the quickest stimulant for rejuvenating the old a hopeless impotent. This is the leading tonic of the day. Price Rs. 10 for 30 Pills.
ANANGA PROBHA OIL.
An exernal liniment of the highest edicacy to bring about rapid and lasting sensation in the most hopeless impotent. Rs. 15 for a Tola.
Rajvaidya Narayanji Keshabji,
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BLACK HAIR-DYE.
It turns grey hair in 2 minutes of application into Black. No dye is like it and none will give you such satisfaction. R. U. Secretary of H. H. Nizam's Government writes from Hyderabad: "We used many hair-dyes, Indian and English but found yours the best of all. Re. 1 As. 4 for 1 box; Rs. 3 As. 4 for 3 boxes. Postage extra. Dr. Bhaishankar J. Vaid, Shop No. 55 (B) Kandewadi, Bombay No. 4.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY MARKET REPORT

Bombay, April 30.

MONEY

The end of the month requirements for funds have pushed up the call money rate temporarily from 4-3/4 to 5 per cent., but the under-tone of the money market is easy, and a further contraction of the currency to the extent of about Rs. 1 crore was effected during the week without affecting the situation materially. Out of the total of Rs. 9 crores of emergency currency expansion for this season, Rs. 5 crores have already been remitted leaving a balance of Rs. 4 crores. In view of the easy position of the last Bank statement, it is expected that the Imperial Bank rate will probably be reduced in the near future. Fixed deposits rates were steady, two to three months being quoted at 4-1/2 per cent., six months at 4 per cent. and twelve months at 5 per cent.

Government securities were quietish during the week and only a moderate amount of activity is reported from the market. Prices in general were steady, with quotations fluctuating by a maximum of about As. 4. 3½ per cent. Paper declined from Rs. 77-8 to Rs. 77-3. 5 per cent. Loans, 1935, 1933 and 1945-55 were quoted at Rs. 101, Rs. 103-10 and Rs. 107-6 respectively. 5 1/2 per cent. Bonds 1928 were placed at Rs. 106-12. 6 per cent. Bonds, 1926 and 1927 changed hands at Rs. 101 and Rs. 102-6, 1930 at Rs. 106-6 and 1932 at Rs. 107-8. 6 1/2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan is quoted at Rs. 112-8.

The Currency returns as at 22nd April, 1926, show a decline of Rs. 71.78 lakhs to Rs. 187.86 crores in the total number of notes in circulation. Sterling securities again show a decline of about Rs. 1 crore. Silver coins are up by Rs. 28 lakhs to Rs. 76.73 crores, while gold bullion and silver under coinage remain unchanged at Rs. 22.31 crores and Rs. 7.65 crores respectively. The metallic reserve ratio is 56.82 as against 56.46 a week ago.

The Budget for the year 1926-27 presented by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in the House of Commons on April 26th shows an estimated expenditure of £812.50 million, and an estimated revenue from existing taxation of £804.70 million. This deficit of £8 million will be more than covered by the proposed new taxation expected to yield about £.22 million. These new taxes include a tax of 5 per cent. per stake on betting transactions, 16-2/3 per cent. duty on wrapping paper, extension of the McKenna duties to commercial cars, and the appropriation of one-third of motor taxes on private cars to general revenue.

A suggestion has been made that the Government of India sterling loans should be made convertible into corresponding rupee loans at the option of the holder, with a view to facilitating the investment of Indian money in sterling securities. It is argued that such a policy would relieve the London market of an excessive volume of such securities, and at the same time would reduce the foreign debt of India, together with the corresponding annual interest remittances. It is believed that such a course would be unwise, in view of the fact that between 1926 and 1933 total of about Rs. 159 crores of rupees securities must be paid off or renewed in India. An excessive flow of funds to London would affect materially the ease with which new rupee loans can be floated, or maturing issues converted into long-term bonds. As the matter stands, also, those who desire to invest in sterling securities can do so with ease, particularly since Indian investors are not subject to British income-tax. As for the foreign debt and interest remittances, the logical method of reducing them is through devoting a larger proportion of funds available for debt redemption to the paying off of foreign loans

EXCHANGE.

The rate for ready sterling exchange was steady during the week at 1s. 5-13/16d., although business was done almost daily at 1s. 5-27/32d. There was some demand for bullion T. T. in the market, but for only moderate amounts, and some bills were placed during the week, but the riots in Calcutta interfered seriously with the activity of that market, thus cutting off the supply to some extent. The feature of the week was the forward market, which was steady owing to increased selling activity and a shortage of buyers. The closing rates were as follows:—April to June 1s. 5-13/16d., July to September 1s. 5-27/32d., October 1s. 5-7/8d., November 1s. 5-29/32d. and December to March 1s. 5-15/16d.

The dollar sterling quotation further improved from dollars 4.86 1/4 to dollars 4.86 7/16, chiefly is a result of the announcement by the Federal Reserve Board that the Federal Reserve Bank Rate would be reduced from 4 per cent. to 3 1/2 per cent. from Friday, 23rd April. This change had practically no effect on the markets, either in New York or in London, except for its influence on the dollar sterling exchange rates. French francs registered a further decline, from 145.75 to 147.80 and Belgian francs followed a similar course, dropping from 136 to 140. The Italian lira was unchanged at 121.

GOLD.

The volume of business passing in the gold market was small during the week in spite of the fact that it is the settlement period, and prices fluctuated within narrow limits of about half an anna. The stock appears to be financed without difficulty. Although the off-take declined to an average of about 25,000 tolas daily, arrivals during the week were very small, and the quantity of gold on hand has decreased to about 7 1/2 lakhs tolas (bars and coin). The price of sovereigns remained steady at Rs. 13-8-0 for ready and Rs. 13-8-6 for forward. The price of gold in London dropped temporarily to 84s. 11d., and later recovered to the opening quotation of 84s. 11 1/2d. The highest and lowest rates during the week in our makret were Rs. 21-9-0 and Rs. 21-8-3 for ready and 28th April settlement and Rs. 21-10 and Rs. 21-9-3 for 28th May settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £34,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and excluding the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £101,000. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 10,09,372 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £19,000.

SILVER.

There was a fair amount of trading in the silver market during the week, and fears that a corner at the next settlement may be successfully engineered are still freely expressed. The situation is an interesting one, with the settlement due next week, and important developments are expected at that time. As a result of these conditions the difference between near and forward has widened further, from Rs. 1-2 to Rs. 1-10, closing at Rs. 1-4. Heavy arrivals from London are expected, but those from New York are anticipated to be small. The off-take, due to the high premium on near over forward, has declined to about 150 bars per day, leaving a stock in the market estimated to be only about 600 bars. In Shanghai the rate for T. T. on London was steady throughout the week, with slight fluctuations. Opening at 2s. 10 3/4d., the rate improved to 2s. 11d., declined to 2s. 10 5/8d., and closed at 2s. 10 15/16d. The highest and lowest rates in London during the week were 29 3/4d. and 29 7/16d. for ready and 29 11/16d. and 29 3/8d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 69-3 and Rs. 68-10 for ready, Rs. 69-2 and Rs. 68-8 for 1st May settlement and Rs. 68-2 and Rs. 67-5 for 1st June settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £320,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £825,000. The total imports of silver during the week amounted to 269 bars and Rs. 8,000 in coin. This week's shipment from London is nil.

SHARES.

The Stock Exchange was open for three days during the week. Cotton mill shares generally showed improvement, and the tone of the market was steady continuing the feeling apparent at the close of last week. A fair amount of budli business was done. The following are the fluctuations in some of the principal shares:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 862/8—870; Century Rs. 355; Central India Rs. 476/4—478/12; Crescent Rs. 187/8—190—188/12; Fazulbhoy Rs. 831/4—835—831/4; Madhowji Rs. 90; New Great Rs. 316/4—321/4—318/12; Pearls Rs. 470—472/8—470; Simplex Rs. 135—132/8 and Swadeshi Rs. 476xd—472/8xd.

The miscellaneous section was extremely dull during the week, and practically no interest was manifested in the market. Andhra Valleys slightly declined from Rs. 580 to Rs. 577/8, but closed at Rs. 580. Tata Hydros declined from Rs. 945 to Rs. 935. Alcocks kept steady at Rs. 143/12. Bombay Trams declined from Rs. 115/4 to Rs. 114/6. Tata Iron Ordys. and Defds. ere quoted at Rs. 18/4 and Rs. 43/2. In cement shares Bundis were quoted at Rs. 8/12. Katni Ordys. at Rs. 47/8, with Defds. at Rs. 140. There was fair demand for railway shares. Ahmedabad Prantij improved from Rs. 835 to Rs. 850, Amritsar Patti to Rs. 143, Central Provinces to Rs. 115 and Siadh Light to Rs. 152.

Imperial Bank shares were steady at Rs. 1472/8 with Contributories at Rs. 412/8. Bank of India shares are quoted at Rs. 77/4 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 28/4.

CALCUTTA.

Jute shares in the Calcutta market were quiet during the week, and trading was limited, owing to the serious riots in that city. The quotation for Hessians remained unchanged at Rs. 15/12 throughout the period

TAMIL NADU CONGRESS CANDIDATES

MADRAS, May 1.

The Tamil Nadu Provincial Congress Committee has nominated the following candidates to the Legislative Assembly:—

Messrs. S. Sreenivasa Iyengar (Madras City); M. K. Achary (Chingleput and South Arcot); A. Rangaswamy Iyengar (Tanjore and Trichy); R. K. Shunmukham Chetty (Coimbatore, North Arcot and Salem); S. Sheha Aiyengar (Madura, Ramnad and Tinnevelly); Maulvi Syed Murtuza (South Madras, Mahomedan) and C.K.T. Kunhikukumaran Nambiar to represent landholders.—A.P.

At a meeting held at Amraoti on Saturday morning in "Shantimandir" with Mr. S. V. Gokhale in the chair, the "Amraoti District National Union" was formed for the object of representing the grievances of the people of Berar and to promote their interests. The office bearers are: President: Mr. Y. G. Deshpande, Secretaries: Messrs. Ramrao Deshmuk and N P. Hirurkar.

The fourth annual Conference of the All-India Muslim Aikya Sangham meets at Tellicherry (North Malabar) under the presidency of Mr. Marmaduk Pickthall, of the Nizam's service.

Raja Mannuldi, a notorious dacoit who was giving much trouble to the British district and Gwalior and Datia States was killed on April 29th by the Gwalior State Police in an encounter in the village of Gurera where the dacoit gang raided.

Correct Feeding

during early infancy is of great importance. It is during this period that the foundations of baby's welfare are being laid: the wise mother who is unable to nurse baby herself, either wholly or in part, will realise the vital necessity for giving her child a food that resembles as closely as possible maternal milk.

'Allenburys' Milk Food No. 1

is practically identical in composition with human milk, and should be given to the child from birth up to 3 months of age. After 3 months the 'Allenburys' Milk Food No. 2 is used, and this should be continued up to the sixth month when it is replaced by the 'Allenburys' Malted Food No. 3.

A Special Offer to Mothers.

Every Mother should send for the 'Allenburys' Booklet on Infant Feeding and Management. It will be sent post free on receipt of this coupon.

To ALLEN & HANBURYS LIMITED,
Special Representative for India:
BLOCK E, CLIVE BUILDINGS, CALCUTTA.

Mrs. .....

.....

will be pleased to receive a copy of the 'Allenburys' Booklet on Infant Feeding and Management.

Post this Coupon To-day

Sprains, Bruises!

Rely on Sloan's to Kill the Pain— No rubbing

You get quick relief from painful Sprains, Strains and Bruises with Sloan's Liniment. Lay on gently a little Sloan's—instantly you feel its warming, soothing influence at work—congestion is dispersed—swelling reduced—and the pain goes with amazing rapidity.

No painful rubbing—no waiting—Sloan's Liniment brings relief and comfort the moment you use it.

That is why Sloan's is kept handy by thousands of men and women, ready if need be to quell a riot of pain from Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica or Neuritis as well as to stop the pain and prevent swelling and congestion due to sprains, strains or bruises. Use Sloan's—it is *your protection* from pain.

"SLOAN'S GAVE GREAT RELIEF"

Mr. J. Thacker, St. Patrick's House, St. Paul's Road, Peterboro' writes:—"I had a fall and badly bruised and sprained my knee. I tried nearly everything without effect, but after using Sloan's Liniment, I found great relief. There is nothing better than Sloan's Liniment."

Sloan's Liniment
KILLS PAIN

No rubbing—apply lightly for quick relief from pain of

RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, NEURITIS, SPRAINS, STRAINS, CRAMP, BACKACHE, STIFFNESS

Sold by all chemists and bazars.

Representatives for India: Muller & Phipps (India), Ltd., 14-16 Green St., Bombay; 21 Old Court House St., Calcutta; and branches.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Bombay, May 3.

A further advance of 4 points in old crop and 3 to 6 points in new crop in New York futures has been reported today. Liverpool has been reported 6 to 2 points lower. The market declined on long liquidation.

Report of Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co., Agents Messrs. M & B. Stern:—

The Lancashire Mills are recommended to cease work this coming week, this being the recommendation of the short-time Committee. It is reported that the Miners and Trade Unions are endeavouring to call a general strike. In this event we are inclined to expect a lowed level of prices.

Messrs. Breul and Co.'s report:—

Since the issue of our last market Report the threatened Coal strike in Great Britain has unfortunately become as established fact, but has so far not exercised any influence on the Cotton Market and should not do so, except possibly tmporarily provided the strike is not prolonged and does not spread to the Railways etc. Should the strike spread and the Trade of the country be paralysed, the Liverpool cotton market is bound to be sympathetically affected and the resulting weakness may be reflected in the New York and Local markets. But for this possibility, present prices are in our opinion low enough and signs of an improved Export demand locally are not lacking.

Owing to the advance reported in America the Marwari Bazar opened this morning Rs. 2½ higher with Broach April/May at Rs. 328. Going down by halt a rupee the market improved to Rs. 329 on Commission way to Rs. 329½ on prominent Shroffs were sellers and the values eased to Rs. 327 and the market closed at Rs. 327 1/4. July/August opened at Rs. 331 and advanced to Rs. 332½ on buying by Commission and Japanese Houses. From this level the market gave way to Rs. 329½ on prominent Shroffs selling and closed at Rs 330. At Sewri the market opened at Rs 330½ and closed quiet but steady at Rs. 329½. Japanese Houses and Bazar operators were sellers.

Fine Oomra May opened at Rs. 296 and improving to Rs 297½ closed easier at Rs. 295. Commission Houses and Exporters were buyers, whilst Shrogs were sellers. Whilst July opened at Rs. 302½ and advanced to Rs. 304½ on Commission Houses buying. On Bazar operators and general selling the market closed easier at Rs. 301½. F.G. Bengal May and July were nominally quoted Rs. 229 and Rs. 237 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton was closed on Saturday.

To-day's tenders are as follows:—100 bales Punjab/American, 200 bales Dholleras, 200 bales Kadi/Viramgaon against Broach Contracts and 600 bales Sind/Punjab against Bengal contracts. Total tenders upto date are 8,800 bales Punjab/American, 3500 bales Dholleras, 500 bales Kalagin, 200 bales Kadi/Viramgaon and 400 bales Broach in all 13,400 bales, and 1900 bales Bengal.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Bombay, May 3.

Fully Good Broach April/May	326½
Fully Good Broach July/August	329½
Fully Good Bengal May	231
Fully Good Bengal July	239
Fine Oomra May	295
Fine Oomra July	302½

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 3.

M G Bengal Superfine 258, Fine 243, F Good 233, Good 226.

M G Surat Superfine 405, Fine 400, F Good 390, Good 380.

M G Oomra No. 3 Superfine 310, Fine 300, F Good 285.

M G Central Provinces No. 1 Superfine 345, Fine 335, F Good 320.

M G Central Provinces No. 2 Superfine 333, Fine 323, F Good 308.

M G Broach No. 2 Superfine 348, Fine 340, F Good 32, Good 324.

M G Punjab-American Superfine 362, Fine 352, F Good 342, Good 332.

M G Naosari Superfine 425, Fine 420, F Good 410, Good 400.

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, May 3.

Fully Good Broach April/May	327
Fully Good Broach July/August	330
Fully Good Bengal May	236
Fully Good Bengal July	238
Fine Oomra May	295
Fine Oomra July	301
Good Southerns May/June	295

BUY DIRECT AND SAVE.

We are the largest manufacturers of Galvanized, Steel, Brass and Copper Wove Wire and Wire Netting.

Prices on Application:

A FRANCIS & CO.,

43, Moti Seal St., CALCUTTA

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay May 3rd

In full-pressed Bales.		Since 1st September This Year.	Last Year.
	3-5-26		
Khandesh	151	2,87,919	2,82,287
Central India ..	748	3,49,345	3,13,756
Barsi and Nagar ..	188	2,02.026	1,87,749
Hyderabad-Gaorani		71,641	93,487
Berar	577	4,58,896	5,48,372
Central Provinces ..	338	2.35,513	2,50 265
Total Oomras ..	2,002	16,05,340	16,75,876
Dholera	1,121	2,14.587	1,71,484
N.W. Provinces ..		1,27,575	1,30,871
Rajputana	145	96,005	64,242
Sind-Punjab ..	804	2.74.561	3,50.496
Broach	209	3,08,376	3,80,609
Coompta & Dharwar	1,003	66,330	67.738
Westerns-Northerns	1,115	44,576	46,581
Coconada		1,497	1,250
Tinnevelly and Cambodia ..	785	13,888	25,207
Persian		3.007	3.935
American		2.844	9,649
Egyptian and African		49,379	36,013
Comilla, Burma & other sorts ..		2,601	3,487
Total	7,174	28,12,209	29,57,437

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales	1st Sept. to 22nd April. 2 Days	This year	Last year
Europe	2,256	4,21,895	4,74,785
Japan & China ..	2,600	14,00,785	13,77.567
Coast Ports ..		20,644	14,861
Up-country by Rail.		64,763	10,517
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan ..		43 212	50,509
Total ..	5,756	19,51,499	19,28,227

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 3.

Bengal Superfine M G.	265/76 .....
Bengal Fine M. G	250/55 .....
Bengal F. G. M. G.	235/40 229
Sindh-Punjab Fine M G.	250 .....
Sindh-Punjab F. G. M. G.	235/40 .....
Punjab-Americans FG. M G	345 .....
Wardha-Hingt. Fine MG.	340 .....
Nagpur Fine M.G.	340 .....
Yeotmal Fine M.G	325 .....
Pulgaon Fine M.G.	330 .....
Arvi Fine M.G.	330 .....
Amraoti Fine M G.	300 .....
Khamgaon-Akola Fine M.G.	295 294
Mulkapur Fine M G.	280 .....
Khandesh Fine M. G.	250 .....
Khandesh F. G. M. G.	....
Broach Fine M.G.	340 .....
Broach F.G.M.G.	330 320
Muthia Fine M G.	265 .....
Muthia F G M G	255 .....
Dharwar S.G.	....
Coompta M G.	350 .....
Westerns M.G.	320 .....
Westerns H. G	....
Miraj M.G.	360 .....
Cambodia F.G. M.G.	390 .....
Navsari F.G. M.G.	....
Surat F.G. M.G.	400 .....
Kadi/Viramgaon F.G. M.G.	340 .....
Dhollera F.G. M.G.	330 .....
Kalagin F.G. M.G.	....

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, May 3.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 1st May, 1926:—

Cotton	7,174 Bales
Wheat	18,125 Cwts.
Linseed	12,646 ,,
Rape, etc.	381 ,,
Gingellyseed	246 ,,
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	4,348 ,,
Castorseed	3,339 ,,
Rice	19,240 ,,
Myraboliams	1.829 ,,
Cottonseed	3,230 ,,
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	753 ,,
Juwar	5,384 ,,
Masur	Nil
Barley	1,846 ,,
Bajri	865 ,,
Coal	2,186 Tons

GOLD.

Bombay. May 3.

Ready:—21/9.

Vaida Visak.—Opening 21/6, at 6 p.m. 21/9.

Vaida Visak.—Opening 21/9/6, at 6 p.m. 21/9/6.

Tone:—Market steady.

SILVER.

Bombay. May 3.

Ready:—69/13.

Vaida Chitor.—Opening 70, at 6 p.m. 69/12.

Vaida Visak.—Opening 68/4. at 6 p.m. 68/5.

Vaida Jeth.—Opening 67/12 at 6 p.m. 67/13.

Teji Mandi:—

Vaida Visak.—Opening 1/2.

Vaida Jeth.—Opening.1/6.

Tone:—Market Steady.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 3.

B.C. RATE

Banks selling T T 1/5 13/16
Bank's selling D D 1/5 27/32

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T 1/5 27/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 7/8.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 1/8.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 29/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16.

PARIS—

Bank's selling D D Frcrs. 1080.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 1140
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 1125.

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T Rs. 130.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 126.

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 153 1/2

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 201.

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 157 3/4.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 277

CROSS RATES—

London—New York Dols. 4.86 3/16
London—Paris Frcs. 147.00
London—Switzerland Frcs 25.15
London—Brussels Frcs. 143.00.
London—Rome Liras 121.00

TONE OF EXCHANGE—

Exchange Market steady.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay May 3.

Bank Telegraphic 1/5 27/32.
Bank Demand 1/5 7/8.
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s 1/6 5/32.
Fcs. Demand 1050.
American Dollars 277.
Hongkong Dollars 153 1/2.
Shanghai 201.
Japan 130 1/2.
Singapore 157 3/4.
Tone:—Market steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.—MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, May 1.

Stockholm	18.14
Oslo	22.44
Amsterdam	12.09 3/8
Slitzerland	25.14
Belgium	Yesterday's 143.87
Athens	394.50
Warshaw	47.00
Prague	164.12

New York, May 1.

Demands Bills 4.85.62

London, May 1.

Exchange on London in Paris 147 60
Exchange on London in Germany 20.41 7/8
Exchange on London in Italy 121.00

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, May 3.

3 months 4 9/32 per cent
6 months 4 9/32 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 5 per cent.
Money 1 month 4 1/2 per cent.
Money 3 months 4 per cent.
Money 6 months 4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—In less demand
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.

DISCOUNT.

London, May 1.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4-5/16.
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. 4-5/16
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st. 5-1/4
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st. 5-3/4
Rentes 5 per cent 11-3/8.

BULLION

Bombay, May 3.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 13/8/0.
Sovereigns forward Rs. 13/8/6.
National Bank Bar gold Rs 21/12/0.
Bar gold ready Rs. 21/8/6
Bar gold forward Rs. 21/8/6
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21/8/9.
Bar silver ready Rs. 21/8/9.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 21/9/6.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 69/10/0.

London, May 1.

Bar gold ready s. 84-11 1/2
Silver ready d. 30.0.
Silver forward d. 29-15.

TONE OF SILVER:—

India sold. China bought. Market closed with sellers at to-day's price. Market depends upon China. We tehink prices have reached the top.

LINSEED.

London, May 1.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags:—
May/June sellers 15 7/8
Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net:—
June/August offered 30/3
Sept/Dec. offered 30/10 1/2

NEW YORK MARKET.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., Cotton Brokers and Commission Agents, Bombay, received on Monday the following cable from their friends, Messrs. Harriss, Irby and Vose of New York:—"Cotton bearish factors apparently discounted. Consider perchase advisable for moderate profits."

THE METAL MERCHANTS' CO

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper.
Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

		Bombay, May 3.
Brass, English	3/4	57 0 0
Brass, English	1	58 0 0
Brass, English	1¼	56 8 0
Brass, English	1½	56 8 0
Brass, English	1¾	56 8 0
Brass, English	2	56 8 0
Brass, German	3/4	56 0 0
Brass, German	2	55 8 0

COPPER.

		Bombay May 3.
Copper, French 3/4 to 2		56 12 0
Copper, German	3/4	58 0 0
Copper, German		59 8 0
Copper, German	1¼	59 8 0
Japanese Copper Bars		56 0 0
Panchteka joint		24 8 0
Copper English Bars		56 0 8
Brass Bars		40 8 0
Pat Klai		68 8 0
Lead Rangooni		25 0 0
Lead Country		23 0 0
Koger Brass, Metal	3/4	54 4 0
Koger Brass, Metal		1 53 8 0
Koger Brass Metal 1¼ to 1½ to 2		53 8 0
German Copper 1¼ to 1½ to 2		59 8 0

METAL.

London, May 1.

Tin Block 272

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

Bombay, May 3.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay):—

		Rs. As. Ps.
LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34|40 In.—		
Standard		1 2 6
Century	,,	1 2 3
Hindustan	,,	1 2 6
Fazal (Mahal)	,,	1 3 0
Phoenix	,,	1 2 3
Pabaney (Phoolmala)	,,	1 2 3
Manekji (Patangia)	,,	1 1 9
Kaliamarden	,,	1 1
Daud Sahib	,,	1 1 3
LONG CLOTH (Light weight) No. 5202|5303:—	Per lb.	1 3 0
Rachael Mill		1 2 6
Hindustan	,,	1 3 0
David Mills	,,	1 3 0
Apollo	,,	0 0 0
E D Sassoon	,,	
LONG CLOTH X Quality:—		
Kohinoor Mill	,,	0 0 0
Swan Finlay	,,	1 2 0
Gold Mohor	,,	1 0 9
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 32-42 In.—		1 1
Textile (Hand)		1 1 0
Spring (Merchant)		1 0 9
Century (Bugle)		1 0 6
Apollo (Pyala)	,,	1 1 3
Tata Mill (Darii)	,,	1 1 0
Sakuntala	,,	1 1 0
Sundari Brand	,,	
DHOOTIES 7 8 9 Yards:—		1 3 0
Spring (Balance)	,,	1 1 0
Jacob E D	,,	1 2 6
Century		
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—		1 2 0
Spring (Balance)	,,	1 1 8
Century	,,	1 0 0
Jacob E. D.	,,	3 3 0
1368 Tata	,,	
CHECK GREY DRILL x lbs. 5:—		4 6 0
Bombay Cotton	Per Piece	4 6 0
Jamshed	,,	4 14 0
Century	,,	4 12 0
Pearl Pabaney £5	,,	5 0 0
Hindustan No. 902		
BLEACHED CHECK:—		6 2 0
Bombay United	,,	
Kasturchand		
BLACK CHECK:—		12 0
5800 Sholapur	,,	
Textile Mills £3 1/2	,,	
GABRUN No. 5124:—		9 0 0
Pearl Pabaney	,,	9 2 0
Hindustan	,,	7 8 0
E. D. Rachael	,,	
SALITA:—		1 0 6
Century	Per lb.	1 0 3
Textile	,,	1 0 9
Spring (Merchant)	,,	
STRIPED SADIS Yards 12:—		2 11 0
777 Kohinoor	Per Piece	2 10 0
777 Crescent	,,	
DUKDI Yards 12 13 14:—		1 5 6
Kanta	Per lb.	1 5 0
Great	,,	1 5 6
Phoenix		

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay. May 3.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 77/9.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs 94.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 101/4

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs 101/4.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs 102/10

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 107/14.

5 1/2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 106/10.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1929 Rs. 101/.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927 Rs. 102/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 106/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 106/14

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 107/8

6 1/2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free due 1935 Rs. 113/2.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 86.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs 85.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1976 Rs. 84.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 110.

6 per cent. Municipal due 1929/49 Rs. 104/12.

Tone of Market:—Steady.

SHARE MARKET.

May 3.

Cotton mill shares remained very firm to-day and improved Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 in higher priced stocks and Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 in smaller ones.

The reason for rise is Coal Strike in England and short of scrip in Bombay Dyeing Market is likely to maintain at present.

A meeting of the mill-owners will consider short working of the mills, but it is doubtful whether it is suitable to all the mill-owners.

Tata Steel was very firm in 2nd Preference, in 1st Preference as well as in Ordinary.

Andhra and Hydros were firm. Tramways were in demand at 117/8, while Burma was quiet.

We quote:—

Fazalbhoy 850, Pearl 483/12, Bombay Dyeing 896/4, Century 371/4, Nagpur 491/4, Swadeshi 481/4, Tata Def 48/12, Tata Ordy 21/10, Tata Hydro 956/4, Tram 116/14.

LOCAL BANKS	Paid up Rs.	Divid. Rs.	Last Quotations
Bank of India	50	2½	77 X D
Baroda ..	50	4	78 X D
Central Co-operative.	50	7½	52
Central	25	1¾	23-6 X D
Eastern	£ 5	9p.c.	78 X D
Imperial	500	40	1575
Imperial Contributory—	*125	10	417-8
Union	75	..	3-8
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE			
Bundi	10	..	9
Central India Mining.	10	4½	22 X D
Indian Cement O. ..	350	..	35
Katni Cemet O. ..	100	..	47 8
Katni Cement D. ..	40	..	140
Punjab Cement O. ..	10	..	3
Shivrajpure	10	Y 7 7	36-8 XD
RAILWAY COMPANIES.			
Ahmedabad Prantej ..	500	11 p.c.	850 XD
Amritsar Pattis ..	100	10 p.c.	144
Central Province ..	100	7½ p.c	114
Dhond Baramati ..	100	6 p.c.	88
Guzerat	100	5 p.c	88 D
Hoshiarpur Doab ..	100	5 p.c.	70
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	75
Mandra Bhon ..	90	5 p.c.	76
Pachora Jammer ..	100	5 p.c.	77 x D
Sara Sirajgunj ..	100	5 p.c.	92
Sialkot Narowal ..	100	5 p.c.	98
Sind Light	100	5 p.c.	151
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	650 XD
Upper Sind Light ..	100	4 p.c.	68½
STEAMER COMPANIES.			
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	..	171 4
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250	..	235
Scindia Steam ..	30—0—14—7-10		
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS			
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	73
Andhra Valley O. ..	1,000	..	591-4
Andhra Valley P. ..	1,000	..	930
Bombay Tramways O.	50	2-8	116 14
Bombay Tramways P.	50	7 p.c.	64
Karachi Electricity ..	100	6	92
Turat Electricity ..	100	..	60
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	40	956-4
Tata Hydro-Elec. P.	1,000	7 p.c.	902½
Tata Power O ..	1,000	..	422-8
Tata Power P. ..	1,000	..	645
PRESS COMPANIES			
Akbar	500	..	250
Fort	475	..	175
Harvey & Sabapathy.	500	20-35	925 X D
Indian Cotton	126	20	217½
Manmad Manufacturing	250	..	215
New Berar	500	80	820 x D
New East India ..	1,000	..	1100 x D
New Mofussil P. ..	400	40	535
New Prince of Wales ..	500	61	740
Volkart U.P.	500	40	675 x D
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.			
Alcock Ashdown ..	100	..	153-12
Belapur Co. Ltd. ..	76	..	12
B. Burma T. Corporation Ltd.	125	7-8	520
B. Burma T. Corporation New	50	5	137-8
Burma Corporation ..	10	0-6	10 8
Bombay Uganda ..	80	4-12	47
British Burma Petroleum	Sh. 8	0-4-0	4-14
Indo-Burma Petroleum	100	..	195
Jost Engineering ..	50	7-8	73 x D
Mckenzie	100	30 p.c.	310
New Union Floor Mills	100	..	30
Port Canning	1,000	50	640
Sardar Carbonic Gas.	100	..	90
Tata Iron Pref. 1st ..	150	6 p.c.y	130
Tata Iron Pref. ..	100	..	45-4
Tata Iron Defd. ..	30	..	48-12
Tata Iron and Steel Co O.	75	..	21-10
Thacker	50	..	125
Telephone	50	1y	19
INSURANCE COMPANIES.			
Empire of India ..	50	22-8	700
Jupiter	15	..	3 10
New India	25	1y	16 10
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	860
Vulcan	10	0 6-0	2 10
MILLS.			
Ahmedabad Advance	100	10	407-8 X D
Alliance	100	..	40
Apollo	50	..	6 4
Assur Virjee	100	..	3
Berar Manfg.	200	30	250
Bombay Cotton O. ..	500	15	320
Bombay Cotton P. ..	10	5 p.c.	5 2
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	25y	896 4
Bombay Industrial ..	100	..	11
Bombay Woollen ..	100	..	70
Bradbury	250	10	350
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c.	175
Broach Finee Counts ..	250	..	35
Century	100	20y	371-4
Central India O. ..	100	16	491-4
Central India P. ..	500	5 p.c.	425
Ceylon	100	..	45
ColabaLand & Mill,	100	..	115
Coorla	100		140
Crescent	100	nil	195
Currimbhoy	250	..	300
David	500	..	350
Dawn	250	40	660
Diamond O.	100	..	5
E.D. Sassoon United O.	10	0	0 13 0
Ebrahimbhoy Pabaney	250	nil	217-8
Edward Sassoon ..	200	nil	135
Elphinstone O. ..	100	..	18 12

GUARANTEED HARMLESS SCIENTIFIC CURE

LEPROSY

Nodular, Tubercular, Anæsthetic, Para or mixed, and due to any origin promptly cured by internal and external specifics including those for fumigation and bath for 45 days' use at Rs. 15 per set.

Dr. Fernandes, Major, M.D., I.M.S., Professor of Dermatology, Grant Medical College, Bombay, after examining our patient under treatment states:—She says she is hopeful of a complete recovery. P. Veeraswamy, Esq., Surveyor, Coconada:—I am cured by yours alone.

LEUCODERMA

or white patches, due to loss of pigmentation or colouring matter in the blood or other causes cured by specifics, internal and external at Rs. 10 per set.

Mr. J. L. Proctor, Bombay:—Cured my white patchesentirely. Dr. B. M. Misra, L.M.S., In-charge, Police Hospital, Puri:—Used in two cases found and good result. Mr. B. Singh, Port Blair:—My son got complete cure. Capt. A. T. Shaikh, Shikarpur, Sind:—Leucoderma specific very useful.

BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS,
BHAGALPUR & MIHIJAM. Tel Add. "CHEMIST," Bhagalpur. Also from THOMSON & TAYLOR LTD., BOMBAY.

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ANNAPURNA COOKER

The new Model can Cook more Rice & Iddalys Large Stock can be seen at ourAgents atBOMBAY.

G. S. RANADE & CO, GIRGAON.

ANNAPURNA COOKER CO
P. O. Basavangudi,
(Bangalore City.)

Emperor Edward ..	500	..	280
Fazulbhoy	250	25	850
Finlay	100	nil	115
Framjee Petit ..	1,000	..	500
Globe	100	..	25
Gokak	100	5	107 8
Gold Mohur	100	..	6 8
Hindoostan	1,000	100	1400
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	8	170
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	200	1000
Indore-Malwa United	100	12	383 12
Indian Woollen ..	50	..	2 5
Jamshed O.	250	..	65
Kastoorchand ..	500	..	52-8
Khandesh	1,000	200	2200
Khatan Makanjee ..	100	Nil	100
Kilachand	25	..	3 8
Kohinoor	500	..	930
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	150	4900
Madhor Scindia ..	100	..	20
Madhowji Dharamsi ..	100	..	90
Madras United ..	250	15	460
Manockjee Petit ..	1,000	100	2000
Mathradas	100	..	140
Meyer Sassoon ..	100	..	88 12
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,000	60	2200
New City of Bombay.	100	nil	150
New Great Eastern ..	200	10y	233 12
Osmanshahi (100) ..	75	..	70
Pearl	250	12	483 12
Pheenix	100	10	400 X
Planet	100	..	54
Premier	100	..	40
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	..	10
Sassoon Silk	500	..	560
Sholapur	1,000	250	7500
Simplex	250	..	140 4
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	..	45
Standard	500	100	1200
Swadeshi	100	18	4-1 4
Swan	100	nil	140
Tata Mill O.	500	..	102 8
Vshnu Cotton O. ..	500	90	1900 D
Vshnu P.	500	35	540 C
Western India Spng.	1,000	100	725

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

Ahmedabad				407-8
Bombay Cotton				320
Bombay Dyeing	880	897-8	878-12	896-4
Century	360	371-4	360	371-4
Central India ..	478-12	483-12	477-8	483-12
Colaba Land ..				116-2
Crescent ..				194
Edward Sassoon				155
Fazulbhoy ..	840	850	837-8	803
Finaly				115
Globe				25
Gokak				107-8
Indian Bleaching				170
Indore Malwa ..	380	383-12	380 8	381-12
Kohinoor				930
Madhowjee				92-8
Mathuradas				140
Meyer Sassoon				86-4
Mysore				112-8
New Great ..	321-4	333-12	321-4	333-12
Pearl	480	486-4	477-8	483-12
Pabany				217-8
Pehoenix				400
Simplex	136 4	141-4	136-4	141-4
Swadeshi ..	475	481 4	475	481 4
Swan Mills				140
Tata Mill				102-8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock				153-12
Bombay Steam				171-4
Tram Co., Ord.	113-12	117-8	113-12	116 14
Bundi Cement				9
Central India Mining				22 x D
Indian Cement				35
Katni Cement Ord.				47-8
Shivarajpur				36-8
Tata Hydro	942-8	956-4	942 8	956-4
Tata Iron and steel Ordy	20-8	21-12	20-8	21-10
Tata Iron and steel Def	47-8	50	47-8	48-12

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

THURSDAY, May 6.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Grant College Medical Society urgent meeting at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

FRIDAY, May 7.

B.Sc. Exmn. Results, University Hall, 2 p.m.

SATURDAY, May 8.

The s.s. "Rajputana," leaves with the English mails at 1 p.m.

CENTRAL DISTRIBUTION AGENCY.

Under the auspices of the Matunga Residents' Association, and the South Indian Co-operative Consumers' Society, Ltd., there will be a public meeting in Matunga to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) near "Vishrani Nivas" to consider the proposal re: the formation of a central distribution agency for the supply of articles of provision at the various centres of the City of Bombay. Mr. Desai, Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, will address the meeting.

ANNUAL THANKS GIVING MASS

The annual Thanks giving Mass given by the Catholic employees of Messrs. Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd. was celebrated at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Tara (Juhu) on Sunday last. The service was well attended. After the service the members met at the residence of Mr. A. F Fernandez where the report was read by Mr. John M. Fonseca, the secretary. Mr. Frank Rebello was unanimously re-elected President for the ensuing year.

THE ZOROASTRIAN BROTHERHOOD

The 34th annual report of the "Zarthoshti Bhatbandh Mandal" (the "Zoroastrian Brotherhood") adopted at the annual meeting lately held in Bombay, shows that the total number of members at the end of the year under report was 1,066, including 25 patrons, 73 life members and 908 ordinary members. At the end of the year the Association had the sum of Rs. 16,867-11-9 standing to its credit. The Association had, as usual, arranged to give several lectures and kirtans during the year which were well attended by the members of the community of both sexes. A Jashan ceremony, in celebration of the victory of the Parsi community in connection with the famous Bella case of Rangoon, was held by the Grant Road Parsi Association on 29th November last, in which the Brotherhood also joined giving its quota of expenses. A message was sent by the Association to His Majesty Reza Shah Pehlavi on 21st December last congratulating His Majesty on his accession the Throne of Persia.

A sum of Rs. 201 was contributed to the Firdausi Memorial Fund, and also a sum of Rs. 101 to the "P. B. Desai Appreciation Fund." The report also mentions the efforts of the Association in raising funds to perpetuate the memory of the Parsis who fell in the last Great War for serving the cause of their King and country. It had raised Rs. 3,257-7-3 through the Association, and another sum was raised from other sources, making a total of Rs. 4,969-7-3 which was handed over to the Parsi Panchayet for the purposes of the Memorial. The report concludes after stating the help the Association had given to some authors in buying their books and also the books given to it by Parsis.

ANNUAL SOCIAL GATHERING.

The annual social gathering of the Brotherhood came off on Sunday evening, when a pleasant programme was gone through successfully. The Navjot ceremony of a Parsi child was performed. Messrs. Lavangia, and Damodar J. Master regaled the audience with choice music. Messrs. Sarkari and K. B. Godrez gave a few demonstrations of physical culture. After the dinner when covers were laid for about 250 persons the gathering dispersed after being treated to a comic skit prepared by Mr Lavangia.

Information has been received from Barisal that images of Hindu Gods and Goddesses were defiled on Thursday night in the houses of two residents of the town. It is stated that some of the miscreants have been identified as local Mahomedans.

Damage of several thousand rupees was done by a fire which broke out on Saturday in a godown at Calcutta on the Chitpore Bridge approach road containing 3,000 drums of jute. The fire brigade however prevented the flames from spreading to the adjoining godowns which were also similarly stocked.

A fire broke out on Sunday afternoon, in the house of Mr. Biharilal Bhatnagar, at Simla but the fire brigade arrived immediately on the scene and brought the fire under control. No loss of life occured and the damage is not estimated at more than a few thousand rupees. The cause of the fire is not known.

A TONIC LAXATIVE FOR CONSTIPATION

Purgative medicines often produce bowel action by violent irritation, which sooner or later must prove harmful. Equally prompt action can be obtained by the use of Little Laxaliver Pills, with the advantage that Little Laxaliver Pills never gripe or cause pain. Little Laxaliver Pills have a tonic effect upon the bowels, and although they cost but 14 annas per box at the chemists, they form an excellent remedy for constipation.

HIGH COURT

COTTON "SATTA" CASE.

HEARING OF INTERIM INJUNCTION.

In connection with the sensational case against the Shri Mahajan Association and about 350 odd members of it who are charged under the Gaming Act for doing "Katcha Khandi" business in cotton, the interin injunction taken out by four of the accused Thavermal Rupchand Vallabhdas Ramdas, Motilal Ruplal and Haridas Sundardas on the Chief Presidency Magistrate restraining him from proceeding with the case against them until the case against the Association is disposed of, came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Fawcett at the High Court on Monday afternoon.

Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan, Bar-at-Law, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishanker and Kanga, solicitors, appeared for the petitioners, while Mr. Frank Oliviera, Advocate, instructed by the Govt. Solicitor, appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. Talyarkhan, on behalf of the petitioners, said that the prosecution wanted to proceed against them in the first instance as a test case. But their case stood or fell with that of the Association. It would, therefore, be more convenient if the case against the Association were disposed of first before that against the petitioners was taken up.

Mr. Oliviera, for the prosecution, pointed out that the Magistrate had merely adjourned both the case-s without deciding as to which should be taken up first. The present application was, therefore, premature. Further, the case against the petitioners did not stand on the same footing as the other one. Even assuming that the Association was a legitimate body, still it was possible that the petitioners might be guilty under the Gaming Act.

LIKE STOCK-BROKERS.

Mr. Talyarkhan, replying, said that the members of the Association were in the same position as the stock-brokers who had their office in the Stock Exchange and went out into the open space to do business for their constituents. Moreover, all business was done under the bye-laws of the Association, and it was precisely the same business as the East India Cotton Association had been doing, and perfectly legal like it. If the business was legal, it did not matter where it was carried on. Counsel further submitted that the defence of the petitioners was the same as that of the Association, and the latter being an influential body would be better able to substantiate it than the petitioners with their limited means. Under the circumstances, he prayed that the case against the Association be taken up first.

His Lordship, delivering judgment, observed that no definite order had yet been passed by the Magistrate as to which case would be proceeded with as a test case. The Magistrate had the discretion in the matter under the Criminal Procedure Code. It might be that in each case evidence might have to be given by persons who might not be available later on if it was postponed for a long time. This and other things would have to be considered by the Magistrate before making up his mind. If, after the Magistrate passed an order on the point, any party was dissatisfied with it, they could apply to the High Court in revision. But at the present stage, his Lordship did not think it reasonable to interfere with the Magistrate's discretion. The rule was, therefore, discharged.

MR. SHETE ENTERTAINED.

The President and members of the Young Men's Hindu Association held a gathering on Saturday, the 1st instant, to congratulate Mr. Shantaram A. Shete, B.A., on his appointment as the Chief Officer of the Ahmedabad Municipality. There was a large number of members present and short speeches were delivered by Messrs. Parulekar, Lad and Joglekar, eulogising the services of Mr. S. A. Shete to the Association as Vice-President for the last 10 years. After a suitable reply for Mr. Shete, the gathering partook of light refreshments and dispersed.

DEMAND FOR LABOUR REPRESENTATION.

MADRAS, May 3.

At a largely attended meeting of the members of All Labour Unions under the auspices of the Madras Provincial Committee of the All-India Trade Union Congress, a resolution urging the Government to grant representation to labour to the Central and Provincial Legislatures for the coming elections as recommended by the All-India Trade Union Congress was unanimously passed. The resolution further urged that elections should be made by the Trade Unions for twelve seats for Provincial legislatures and twelve seats for the central legislatures.—A. P.

"TEMPTRESS" LIBEL CASE.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENT.

Another interesting development in Mr. Horniman's defamation case took place on Monday, before Mr. D. N D Khandalawala, Fourth Presidency Magistrate Mr. Gadkari, pleader for the accused, produced a number of copies of "The Temptress" containing the defamatory matter which had formed the subject of complaint.

It will be remembered that the case was compounded about a fortnight ago on the accused keshav Sitaram Thakre giving an unconditional apology to Mr. B. G. Horniman. On that occasion the court was pleased to exempt both Mr. Horniman and the accused from being present in court on that day which was fixed for the production of all copies of the "Temptress" lying in the hands and under the control of the accused.

Mr. Azad who appeared with Mr. Deo for Mr. Horniman, made an application to the court to order the presence of the accused at the next hearing. He stated that since the last hearing the complainant had come to know of certain other publications of the accused which were also defamatory of Mr. Horniman. Mr. Azad contended that if the accused were called to court it might obviate a fresh prosecution. He produced an English translation of a Marathi publication of the accused published in April, 1926, entitled: "A Father's Machinations and the Daughter's Entanglement", in the course of which the following appeared:—

"At the time when the "Bombay Chronicle" was overflowing with an effusion of liberal fairmindedness, this affair (Cawnpore Sunderabai case) had reached such an absurdingly interesting stage, that the coquetry of Mumtaz, Randi was thrown into the background. At that time Horniman, the fire-spitting devil, and Sunderabai were on every one's lips. All the babbling and quill-driving patriots had made it their sole business to make Indore another Kolhapur. Every one was seized with the Belvi-mania of proving that in Indore, as in Kolhapur, "no man's life or wife was safe"! This affair was temporarily extinguished when the subjects of Indore gave a stunning blow on the horns of Horniman through Sir Hukumchand."

The Magistrate read the translation and remarked to the accused's pleader: "The accused evidently makes a living out of this kind of writing."

His Worship passed an order that the accused should appear in person at the next hearing which he fixed for June 7. If the accused failed to appear as ordered, a warrant would be issued for his arrest.

TRAMWAY SPEED TRIAL.

An interesting tram speed trial which would in future definitely help the public police, and the Tramway Company in cases of accidents was demonstrated on Monday at 3-30 p.m. between Dhobi Talao and Flora Fountain on the Esplanade Road before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The tram car was first driven by Inspector Punter of Motor and Vehicle Department and afterwards by a tramway driver and was stopped and brought to a standstill at a given signal by the Chief Presidency Magistrate. At the first signal of halt the car which was forty feet in length was running at a rate of ten miles an hour and was brought to a dead stop within 43 feet after the signal for halt while in the second run while it was running at the rate of eleven miles an hour it covered 72 feet before it was entirely brought to a standstill. When a tramway driver took the charge the car was allowed to run 10 miles an hour and stopped at a distance of 55 feet after the signal. Besides, the Chief Presidency Magistrate in the car were also, Mr. V. F. Vicaji, Bar-at-Law, Mr. B. J Dhondy, pleader, Mr. R. P. Thanawala Police Prosecutor, Mr. Meyer, Deputy Engineer B. E. S. and T Co. and Mr B. S. Chinoy, Prosecuting Officer of the Tramway Co.

DROWNED IN THE SEA.

Louise Coutinho and Barnath Azvido, two Christian carpenters residing at Grant Road, went for a bath at Chowpaty on Sunday noon. Barnath went into deep water, got into a tony and jumped again in the water, but did not come up. His friend Louise waited for some time and then informed the police. At about 7-30 p.m. Barnath's dead body was found floating in the sea which was removed to the morgue for inquest.

The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AT RY. STATION

The Coroner concluded inquest on Monday touching the death of Joseph Zavier Francis Fernandes who was found lying dead on the railway lines on the 29th ultimo at Sandhurst Road station under circumstances already reported in these columns. At about 8-30 p.m. the deceased was found with his stomach smashed soon after a local train had passed. Mr. Peter Fernandes, the engine driver, said he was driving No. 152-Up local train. He arrived at 8-15 p.m. at Sandhurst Road. He got the line clear and left the station. He knew nothing about the accident or injury.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death while trespassing the railway lines.

DISASTROUS FIRE

DAMAGE ETIMATED AT OVER 5 LAKHS.

Although the actual damage caused by the fire on Sunday last at Customs House Road has not yet been ascertained, it is estimated that the total loss is not below Rs. 5 lakhs. The conflagration originally broke out in the godown of the Indo-British Chemical Stores and Supply Company, Ltd., and its force was accelerated by the westerly breeze which was blowing terribly at the time. The strenuous efforts of the fire brigades, however, brought under control the fire after three hours of gallant fight.

Among those who suffered in the fire are also the following:—Messrs. the British Chemical Supply Co., Mr. Robert Ingham, Mr. Clarke and Gay, Messrs. Rishaph Trading Co., the Ahura Printing Press, the Civil Hotel which contained small tenements, the Eastern Trading Co., the Presidency Printing Press, Messrs. Samuel Fitz and Co., Messrs. Batliwalla and Co., Messrs. Lalkaka and Co., Messrs. Powell and Co., Messrs. M. B. Mehta and Co., and Messrs. A. M. Sawder and Co. The premises belonged to Messrs. Khatao Makanji and Co.

A TRAGIC SEQUEL.

The fire on Sunday afternoon which broke out in Bank Street had a tragic sequel in the death of Bollum Brachen, an Anglo-Indian, aged 35 years. The deceased was employed in the Army and Navy Co-operative Stores and resided in Dadoo Building which was the scene of fire. After the fire was put out, the deceased went to the building again to bring down his things, but suddenly fell through the wooden floor. He was badly injured and removed to the E. G. Hospital where it was ascertained that he had sustained fracture of several ribs and rupture of the spleen. He died soon after admission. At an inquest held by the Coroner the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

A DISCLAIMER.

Messrs. The Indo-British Chemical Co., Mill Stores, Chemicals and Sizing Materials, of 134, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, write to us as under:—

"Referring to the fire that took place on Sunday evening at Marine Street in Dadoo Buildings, we beg to point out that there was no varnish or turpentine or any oil stocked in our godown, as stated erroneously in your Monday's issue. Our godown was full of chemicals, mill stores and mill requisites in which we generally deal."

PETROL NOT STOCKED.

Mr. Tulshidas Gordhandas Khattan writes:—

"In your Monday's issue, I have read the report of the fire which took place on Sunday, in my buildings situated at Marine Street and Bank Street, and as the same appears to be misleading, I take this opportunity of correcting it.

The name of the buildings in the first place is not correctly mentioned as the buildings are since long known as "Dadoo Buildings", and not "William Charles Smith Building", as wrongly published by you. Secondly, your statement that some petrol was stocked in the godown is also not true, as there was not a single tenant dealing in petrol in the said buildings."

WANTED PURITY OF ELECTION.

SEQUEL TO HON. MR. JADHAV'S CAMPAIGN.

Mr. N. M. Dumasia has given notice of a resolution which is placed on the agenda of May, of the Bombay Municipal Corporation regarding the 'facsimile' of a letter which appeared in "Bombay Chronicle" a few weeks ago, purporting to be a request over the signature of the Hon. Mr. B. V Jadhav to a Corporator to vote for a particular candidate in the election of the President of the Corporation, has not been allowed to rest "That the President be requested to invite the attention to Government to the 'facsimile' letter of the Minister of Education which appears in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" dated April 12, 1926, and to request them to take suitable action to prevent a recurrence of the interference on the part of a Minister with the purity of Municipal elections."

Mr. Dumasia has given notice of another resolution affecting the constitution of the Municipal Standing Committee and seeking further to popularise it. He proposes to move, "That the President be requested to address Government so to amend the Municipal Act as to dispense with Government nominations on the Municipal Standing Committee and instead allow the Corporation to elect four more members on that Committee.

Lady Pattani, yesterday, performed the opening ceremony of two waterpipe stands constructed for the public use, one by Mr. Morarji Tana ex-Diwan of Bhavnagar, near Bhidbranjan and the other by Sheth Hargovindas Givandas near the station at a cost of Rs. 2,500 each.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 3.

C/ Florence, Johnson, New York.
C/ Benares, Anderson, New York.
Delta, Sudell, Kobe.
Dumana, Stockwell, Karachi.

DEPARTURES.

May 4.

Steamer Aquilein for Genoa.
Serbistan, Yoshimori, Kobe.

LOADING.

May 3.

Steamer Akbar for Jeddah.
Steamer Risaldar for Rangoon.
Steamer Karagola for Durban.
Steamer Aquilian for Genoa.
Steamer Simla for Rangoon.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(MONDAY, May 3.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Sturmfels, 3834, Karachi, 5/5, L E Edwards, Ltd.
2 Rajputana, 9415, London, 8/5, M M and Co.
3 Streefkerk, 3823, Hamburg, 5/5, E. D. Sassoon and Co.
4 Aquileia, 4201 Genoa 15/5 L T & M Italiana.
5 Crewe Hall, 2691, U.S.A. 8/5. F F Campbell and Co.
6 Dumana, 5112, Plymouth, 6/5, M M and Co.
7 Crostafels, 3080, Karachi, N.F., L Edwards Ltd.
8 C/o Benares, 4477, Calcutta, 6/5, F F Campbell and Co.
10 Karagola, 3647, Durban, 10/5, M M and Co.
11 C/o Canton, 4471, Karachi, 8/5 K Nixon and Co.
12 C/o Agra, 3116, N F, N F. F F Campbell and Co.
13 Jeypore, 3269, Japan, 8/5, M M and Co.
14 Werdenfels, 3851, Antwerp, 9/5, L Edwards Ltd
BPS Delta, 4739, N F 29/5, M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Glenluss, 2696, Christmas Island, 6/5, L Edwards Ltd.
2 Massilia, 3281, Liverpool, 8/5, Graham Tdg Co.
4 Barpeta, 1877, P Gulf, 5/5, M M and Co.
5 Serbistan, 1864, Kobe, 4/5, O S Kaisha.
6 Ariosto, 2768 Hull, 7/5, J Finlay and Co.
7 Ahmedi, 1551, P. Gulf, N F S Assam and Co.
8 Indo Maru, 3559, Japan, 5/5, O S Kaisha.
9 Gange, 1933, Karachi, 4/5, D [illegible] and M I S N Co.
10/11 C/o Florence, 4391, Calcutta, 6/5, F F Campbell and Co.
12/13 Simla, 3810 Colombo, N F Grahams Trading Co.
15 Bamora, 1878, P. Gulf, 12/5, M M and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Yamagata Maru, 2322, Kobe, 12/5, N Y Kaisha.
B Gazana, 3191, N F N F M M and Co.
C/R Nippon, 3959, N.F., N.F. L T and M I S N Co.
D/E Janus, 3078, Calcutta, N F M M and Co.
F Jehangir, 2157, Jeddah 5/5 T Morrison and Co.
G Maur, 649, Bangkok, 3/5, F F Campbell and Co.
H Nour-el-Bahr, 199, M'Coast, 4/5, Merchant S N Co.
L/M Akbar, 2492, N F 12/5, T Morrison and Co.
Hatipara, 4893, N F N G M M and Co.
P Risaldar, 2092, N F N F T Morrison and Co.

BEHAR MUSLIMS' ORGANISATION.

PATNA, May 3.

A circular letter over the signatures of Sir Syed Ali Imam, Mr. Mahomed Shafee Daoodi, M. L. A., Khan Bahadur Mahomed Ismail, M. L. A., and others invited a conference of Mussalmans of the province on May 23rd to maugurate a movement for a Moslem organization in the province. The circular letter amongst other things states "We Mussalmans desire peace. We dislike disturbance. It is true we, in this province, are comparatively weak in number and wealth but our sentiments, our past and our traditions are such that in moments of crisis it is our creed to fear not death. With all our weakness we have also this latent strength. This combination of weakness and strength all the more lays stress upon the principle that we should scrupulously avoid disturbance and commotion. We Muslims earnestly desire that it should be fully known that we sincerely wish our non-Muslim fellow-countrymen to be our comrades and partners by coming forward to be honorary members of our organisation."—A. P.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

(Through Nowroji Hormasji and Co., Frere Road, Fort).

JULY.

3rd May, 1926	
Previous Closing Rate	18·22
To-day's Opening Rate	18.21
Difference	— 01
To-day's Closing Rate	
Difference	

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, Ismail Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay).

MAY.

3rd. May	1926.
Previous Closing Rate	9.13
To-day's Closing Rate	9 19
Difference	+ 06
Khandi Market	332·8·0
Clearing gut	328 0·0

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, May 3.

In the share market in jutes fairly large number of operators turned up this morning but business was on a moderate scale with prices tending downwards owing to the not satisfactory state of things ruling in the commodity market. Coals.—Except in one or two instances transactions were concluded at lower figures.

Teas:—Teas maintained their firm tone, though the demand was limited. New Chumta recorded a sharp advance.

Miscellaneous:—Indian Iron and Steel were somewhat better and good investment stocks continued to be enquired for with sellers reserved. Rubbers were steadier in tone. Government securities were firm with more enquiry. Following were to-day's closing quotations:—

Government Securities 3 1/2 per cent. Government Paper Rs. 77/2. S. L. 5 1/2 per cent. Bar Bonds 1928 106/14. Banks: Central Bank of India 23/8, Imperial Bank of India fully paid 1581, do. contv. 409/8. Railways:—Mymensingh Bhaira Bagge Railway (Guaranteed) 84, S. L.

Jutes:—Alliance 399, Anglo-India 346 cum div. Clive 26, Dalhousie 312, Empire 41/12, Fort William 220/8, Gourpur 105, Lawrence 492/8, Kelvin pref. 119, Lansdowne 199/8, Northbrooke 118/8 cum. div. Presidency 6/8, National 24/8.

Coals:—Baraboni 6/4, Burrakur 20/8, Seebpore 22, Standard 45/12, Burma Corporation 10/10, Burma Finance and Mining 6.

Miscellaneous:—Agra Electric Supply 103, Barrackpore Electric Supply 84, cum. div. Bengal Telephone pref. 10/8, Indian Iron and Steel 23/8, Indian Standard wagon pref. 80, Marshalls 3/8, Bengal Flour 131, Associated Hotels pref. 110, B. I. Corporation ordy. 4/2, B. I. Corporation deferred 3, Deccan Sugar and Abkari 7 per cent. pref. 101. Rubber Shares Batu Iaiting S. 1.45 cts. Jeram Kuantan s. 1.97½ cts. Kuala Sidim s. 4.12½ cts.

Tea Companies:—Amluskie 151, Bishnath 59/4, Central Cachar 111, ex. div. Hatkikhira 30/4, Hasimara 41/12 cum vid. Killcott 49, Loobah 15/6, Nambarnadi 12/8, New Bumta 37,, New Samarbagh 43/4, Teesta Valley 37/4.

Exchange Bank telegraphic transfer one shilling five and seven-eights pence and demand bills one shilling five and twenty-nine thirty-seconds pence.—A. P.

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, May 3.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, local in Kashmir, the Bombay Deccan and has occurred at a few stations in Upper Burma, the Punjab Hills, the Northwest Frontier Province.

The Chief amounts are:—Sibsagar, Tezpur, half an inch, Cherrapunji one and half, Silchar, Sonamarg one.

Forecast:—Decrease in the extreme north.—A. P.

SIRDAR JOGENDRA SING AT AMRITSAR.

AMRITSAR, May 3.

The Hon'ble Sirdar Jogindra Singh, Minister of Agriculture, arrived here this afternoon by a special train from Pathankot where he attended the opening ceremony of the Andhra Valley Railway. He will stay here for three days.—A. P.

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3. HIGHER ACCOUNTING (1916): A book for Book-keepers, Accountants, Auditors, Accountancy Students and Business-men. Rs. 6.
4. BUSINESS ORGANIZATION (2nd Edition), 1922, dealing with problems of organization and promotion of companies Systems in use in large business offices. Stock exchange practice. Labour efficiency and organization. Secretarial Work and Scientific advertising. Rs. 7-8.
5. G. D. A. SOLUTIONS. SUPPLEMENT, 1925, Rs. 1-8-0.

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The Bombay Chronicle.

TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1926.

A NEW ORIENTATION.

The Bombay Provincial Non-Brahmin Conference, which met in Bombay last week-end, could not escape having a session which at intervals gave rise to heated debates. There were two sharply marked out elements amongst its delegates, the representatives from rural areas who were bitter in their denunciation of the Brahmins and the urban element, chiefly from Bombay, whose attitude was happily free from indulgence in the usual hymn of hate against the Brahmins. After speeches from both sides, consisting of charges and counter-charges, the two sections, fortunately, agreed on the composition of the Subjects Committee, without wasting further time than the best part of a whole day on each side trying to get a majority on that body. After this agreement, which was reached late on Sunday evening, the Conference passed the resolutions settled upon in the Subjects Committee without more ado, and dispersed in a spirit of mutual good-will. Apart from the usual demand for better sanitation and medical relief and for the grant of provincial autonomy the Conference advocated hand-spinning and Swadeshi and legislation regarding religious endowments on the lines accepted by the Madras Legislature. We congratulate the Conference, however, particularly on its insistence on the need for Prohibition and for lowering the franchise.

But it is in the presidential speech that we must look to the real progress that the Non-Brahmin movement has made in this Presidency. Mr. Dongarsing Patil, who presided, is a member of the Bombay Legislative Council and is a shining light of that small group of about 13 which calls itself the Non-Brahmin Party in the local Council. In his address to the Conference, in the midst of the tirade against the Swarajists, the familiar demand for co-operation with the Government and the cry for more posts for the Non-Brahmins, he gave a new orientation to the Non-Brahmin movement by remarking that "it was not based on hatred but that it hates hatred". Mr. Patil holds that "a deep and critical study" of the movement ought to satisfy his Brahmin friends that it is so. This is a welcome change of attitude and it is in refreshing contrast with the talk about tigers in the guise of Brahmins eating the poor sheep, the non-Brahmin masses, which is indulged in at Poona by prominent leaders of the movement. Mr. Patil still adheres to the theory that the work of the Non-Brahmin movement is "to shatter the fetters that are placed by the advanced classes for retarding the progress of the social and political life" of the Non-Brahmins. We would recommend Mr. Patil and his friends to revise this conception of the actual work being done by the movement in the light of Satya-Shodhak activities, and in consideration of the fact that not a few of the most devoted workers ready "to shatter those fetters" about which Mr. Patil spoke have been Brahmins.

Mr. Patil and his friends are very keen on carrying on propaganda among the masses in favour of "working the Reforms for all that they are worth" and in trying to convince these "innumerable, mute and ignorant and down-trodden masses" that voting for Non-Brahmin candidates alone will bring India nearer Swaraj. We would urge them to try to separate their political grievance from their social and religious one. They must realise that in men like Mr. Gole and others in Bombay, or in men like Mr. Gunjal in Poona, it is possible to find a type of Non-Brahmin workers whose keenness for Swaraj is not limited by the anxiety to run down Brahmin priesthood. When Mr. Patil mentions that the Non-Brahmin movement is stimulated by a keen and sincere desire for teaching the masses "not to be misguided and seduced by the tricks of religious priests and pharisees" he is only raising an animus against the dominance of Brahmin priesthood, a dominance which has, however, no legislative sanction behind it. A Non-Brahmin may be bitterly against Brahmin priesthood. As in Kolhapur, he is free to go and seek another type of religious guidance for his spiritual and moral comfort. But this bitterness ought not blind him to the political issues before the country. It ought not to make him suspicious of the attitude of those who say that they are in a desperate hurry about bringing Swaraj nearer. Mr. Patil wants the message of the Non-Brahmin movement to reach every Taluka, and every village. Is that message going to be only one of contentment with the ideal of working the "Reforms" and of harping merely on social disabilities? Why should the average Non-Brahmin leader keep himself aloof from the Indian National Congress, the only national organisation which stands for the masses, and not only for the classes, for the vast many, and not only for the limited few? Is it the fault of the Congress that Deputy Collectorships do not multiply in geometrical progression with the demand of the Non-Brahmins for these jobs? If only the Non-Brahmin leaders will say good-bye to the feeling which obsesses them that a particular caste still keeps in control all the sources to wealth, power and influence, they will find it easy to agree with the Congress policy and work for bringing Swaraj nearer, in intelligent co-operation with those very classes about whom they are now suspicious, and whose political and social prstige they are out to destroy.

PRECIPITATE AND CALAMITOUS.

The negotiations to avert a general strike have broken down and Britain has been plunged into an industrial strife unprecedented in her history and one of which the outcome it is difficult to anticipate. The Government cannot escape the sole responsibility for the failure of the negotiations. The Labour leaders worked for peace till the last moment and were prepared to postpone the operation of the notice for a general strike on terms the reasonableness of which no right-minded person could question. As the General Council of the Trade Union Congress said in its manifesto, an honourable settlement could have been obtained if the Government had withdrawn their demand that the miners should consent, in advance of negotiations, to the reduction of wages. It had also postulated that with a view to securing a favourable atmosphere for negotiations, the owners' notices should also be withdrawn. But the Government, instead of acceding to this reasonable demand took what is rightly described as a "precipitate and calamitous decision" by asking the Labour leaders to repudiate the "overt acts" committed in pursuance of the notice for a general strike and immediately and unconditionally to withdraw the instructions for the latter. They conveniently ignored the fact that the first aggressive step was taken by themselves by the proclamation of a state of emergency at a time when the Labour leaders were striving to carry on negotiations for a settlement. The official statement says that no solution of the difficulties of the coal industry, which is both practicable and honourable to all concerned, can be reached except by a sincere acceptance of the report of the Coal Commission. "Sincere acceptance" in the view of Mr. Baldwin's Government who have shown an ill-concealed bias in favour of the owners means that all the sacrifices must be made on the part of the miners in the shape of reduction of wages and increase of hours. A Government which has gone back on its previous undertaking by abetting the owners in flouting the recommendation of the Commission that there should be no increase of hours cannot with any justification blame the miners for taking all legitimate measures to safeguard their rights and standard of life.

PREVENTING DISORDER.

At a meeting of representative citizens in Calcutta held recently to consider how the recurrence of communal fracas and attacks by the hooligans of every class and community on the life and property of respectable citizens can be prevented various points were raised which call for comment and notice elsewhere also than in Calcutta. The Mayor, Mr. Sen Gupta, remarked that there were brains behind the riots. He appealed to the citizens to band together and unearth the existence of the set of persons who used such brains. But any volunteer agencies formed amongst the citizens, as for example the Congress volunteers, are not accepted as useful by the Government, who thus refuse to co-operate in Bengal when co-operation is offered. In Delhi an attempt at obtaining co-operation from the public has been made by the Deputy Commissioner in the place in order to be ready against any danger to public peace from any possible communal friction during the forthcoming Id festival. He held a meeting which was attended by prominent Hindus and Muslims, and they were asked at the meeting by the Senior Superintendent of Police at Delhi that each one of them should prepare a list of "badmashes" in his particular locality for the information of the Police. This is the kind of co-operation expected by officialdom from the people. If anybody is likely to know about the names and whereabouts of the "badmashes" it is the Police themselves, and not law-abiding citizens. They ought to be asked to join in preventing disorder by being urged to go and visit disaffected areas or by being invited to accompany processions along with the Police force. To ask them to supply a list of all local scoundrels is preposterous.

WHITHER, LEADERS, WHITHER?

THE COUNTRY'S CALL.

(BY B. F. BHARUCHA.)

II.

Dear Sirs,—With due deference, I address this second Open Letter to you, and trust, it will receive your kind consideration. Dear Sirs, what has come over you? Why have you taken to Conferences, conclaves, press interviews, press statements, paper editing and pacts? And pray, are pacts to be made at pleasure, and discarded at leisure? And at whose cost, please? India is drained every day. Indian tillers are famishing. Indian traders are loosing. European and Japanese merchants are flourishing. Indians are fast loosing ground commercially, industrially, financially; and you, sirs, are thinking of pacts, and settlements and compromises, year in and year out, without any end!

Gandhi spirit Not Dead.

You may contend that you have to adjust your programme according to the changing times, that is, according to the attitude of the people and of the Government. Sirs, was it the people of India, who asked you to go into the Councils? Was it the people of India, that have asked you to enter into Gandhi-Das-Nehru Pact, or Nehru-Jaykar Pact? How many of you have been touring into the villages since 1923? Can you assert, that the response from the people has been a whit less than your own response to Gandhiji's programme? Can you assert that people are sick of Gandhiji's programme? Or that they will not take to it, despite your best efforts? Sirs, let me state, what you know only too well, that though white caps are not much in evidence in towns, yet the Gandhi spirit is not dead; it is only dormant.

Reverting To Old Ways?

After seven years of hard fighting, boycotting, non-co-operating, fasting, incarceration and suffering are you going to revert to the old ways of petitioning and protesting? What else is it? Sirs, if you feel fatigued, or want a halt, or lack the requisite faith to fight on, then there are two straight courses open to you to-day.

(1) Unite all parties; have a United Congress; work the Reforms for what they are worth; and India will get a few crumbs, from the festive board of Great Britain.

(2) The other course is:—revert to Gandhiji, and ask him to resume his active leadership; and follow him faithfully, and Swaraj is certain.

No Swaraj Without Sacrifice.

Sirs, You know it so well, though some of you may forget it to-day, that there can be no Swaraj without sacrifice; no Swaraj without working in villages; no Swaraj without removing untouchability; no Swaraj without Hindu-Muslim understanding. For that mighty work, is there any other soul in India than Mahatma Gandhi? Have you given him the requisite opportunity to lead us to Freedom? Has any nation ever risen or gained her freedom without sacrifice? You may contend that you felt helpless, when you found Hindus and Muslims fighting amongst themselves? Have you, sirs, done any regular, organised, systematic touring and training and arbitrating for six months at a stretch? No. Barring Gandhiji, no.

Country's Call—"Arise and Act."

You are going to take a momentous decision at Sabarmati shortly. Please note, that the country's fortune is at stake; so is her honour. Pray, cast off all prejudices, personal or sectional and communal differences and considerations. Think only as a faithful son and servant of Mother Hind. The country is sick of your disputes, differences and divisions, India expects you to arise and act as one man. Accept Gandhiji's leadership. Start an intensive and extensive campaign of Swadeshi. Let village work be the first step. Let your goal be Swaraj and avoid all mirage. Give up all babblers. Gather in all workers. Resume the fight against the bureaucracy. Strive for a United Congress; and persuade the Unionists to accept the above-mentioned programme; but see, that a United Congress has not a divided view and a divided front, as the pro-Changers and No-Changers had for years. The foremost point is, neither the Sabarmati settlement, nor the Cawnpore Resolution, nor the parleying with the Unionists. The foremost point is to beseech Gandhiji to resume his active leadership, and then to leave it to him to decide the best plan of negotiation and action, under the present condition of the country. Sirs, arise and act, and secure the leadership of the greatest living man—a soldier and a saint, transgressing all statesmen.

NABHA UNDER SEARCH-LIGHT.

(BY A MINISTER.)

Lord Reading's name will be permanently associated with the sad catastrophe of Nabha and its brilliant but unfortunate ruler. Lord Reading alone is responsible for this act of gross injustice and deliberate high-handedness which he permitted to be done under his very nose, consciously or unconsciously, no less to the personality of the Maharaja than to his State.

A Challenge Unaccepted

Many of us may recall in this connection, that the S. G. P. C.'s challenge to Lord Reading's Government to publish the Maharaja's letter of "voluntary abdication", remains unanswered to this day. If the Maharaja has voluntarily abdicated his throne, and if he has really put his signature to such a document out of his own free will, expressly indicating his willingness to resign his ruling powers "for all time", then why, it may be asked, should Lord Reading's Government have hesitated to give the document the light of the day, in response to the persistant demands of the public?

The simple truth is that the theory of the so-called "voluntary abdication" is a camouflage. To begin with, there seems such a misunderstanding over the word "abdication". The position precisely is, that the Maharaja has only surrendered his "ruling power" under compulsion. He has so far only severed his connection with the administration of Nabha State on the understanding that he would be invited formally to abdicate when the heir-apparent came of age, that is at the age of 17.

The question is, whether or not, this surrender of ruling powers, this process of handing over the reins of administration to the Government of India was voluntary on the part of the Maharaja Nabha—and the answer can be no other than the most emphatic "No". I challenge that even Lord Reading and his gallant Home Member of 1923, I mean the present Governor of the Punjab, cannot in their heart of hearts deny, that from the point of view of "political technique" the Maharaja's resignation was anything but voluntary.

The Contrast

In the case of Holkar of Indore it can be called a voluntary abdication right enough. How dissimilar was the treatment given to Nabha in comparison with Indore!

Unlike the Holkar, Maharaja Nabha was not invited publicly to announce to his people in a Durbar that he was voluntarily resigning his powers and would, therefore, cease to be a "Ruling Prince for all time" in the future.

Unlike Holkar, Maraja Nabha was escorted to Dehra Dun by a British officer—a Major—fully armed, who took his seat in the same car with the Maharaja throughout the journey by road from Nabha straight to Dehra Dun.

Unlike Maharaja Nabha, the Holkar was given his own time, nay, his own choice till, the last minute of his departure; and there were no British troops to surround the Holkar's palace, as in the case of Nabha where the British troops had drawn a cordon round the Maharaja's palace. There was neither that string of armoured cars, nor were there the fully mobilised detachments of British troops, specially transported to take charge of Indore, as in the case of Nabha!

And yet matters did not rest there. When the British diplomats realised that they were being outwitted in the eyes of the public, Col. Minchin the then A. G. G. Punjab States, quietly crept in in His Highness' residence at Dehra Dun on July 31 of 1923, just 21 days after His Highness was brought to Dehra Dun, and approached the Maharaja to put down in writing that the abdication was voluntary without any compulsion which the Maharaja refused to do.

These details ought to throw a flood of light on the whole situation and help the general public to form a correct idea as to whether or not the Maharaja was forced to resign his throne and his ruling powers against his will.

TRIFLES.

An exciting correspondence went on recently in the columns of the "Hyderabad Bulletin" which is a Secunderabad paper. A correspondent who signed himself "A. T." charged the paper with converting the defeat of a certain candidate at the polls in the recent Municipal election at Secunderabad into a "moral victory".

* * *

This was too much for the Returning Officer of the Hindu Electorate. As "ex-Returning Officer, Hindu Electorate" Mr. Baji Kishen Rao, B.A., B.L. stepped into the trench-line and took up the fight. He gave his reasons for doing the same in a letter to the "Hyderabad Bulletin".

* * *

"As I had been appointed the Returning Officer, I was debarred from entering the ring and doing my bit of the fighting". So says Mr. Baji Kishen Rao. He proceeds to add, "even now, though I am, *functus officio*, I am not disposed to join the controversy". But he did, although as regards the aspersions cast by "A. T." upon the candidate in question, he said, "I refrain from making any statement, for reasons which need not be mentioned here".

* * *

But one statement he did make, and that was to say that he was at one with Schopenheaur "in demanding at the close of an anonymous letter—Rascal, your name". Whether the "rascal" referred to has as yet given "his name" to the Ex-Returning Officer, I do not know. But I hope he does so that Secunderabad may have the chance of reading about a further exchange of adjectives between the two.

* * *

An American paper says that New York's sky line has been cleared by official order, ending the cloud of smoke which had hung over the city as the anti-smoke ordinance had been temporarily revoked. Our political sky line would be quickly cleared in this country if we could get orders from Sabarmati. But some of our leaders are so very much against any anti-smoke ordinance in political controversy that Sabarmati naturally hesitates.

* * *

"How long do you think shingled hair will be worn?"

"You mean, how short!"

WAYFARER.

Notes of the Day.

To the Rescue.

There is something rotten in the State of Great Britain. If the rottenness continues and British youth is not warned in time, then woe to the British Empire. Gone will be the self-imposed task, performed at considerable pecuniary benefit, of the Trustees of that Empire of exercising almost a divine right to rule over the Black and Brown peoples of this earth. A writer in the April number of the "English Review" is much concerned about this and discusses "Youth and Imperialism" in an article, the main burden of which is his lament that "youth is more fond of the privileges of the Empire than of its responsibilities." He wants to know how, "assuming without question that an imperial youth is a vital necessity to the maintenance of the prestige of an imperial nation", the maintenance of such prestige can best be achieved. He has hopes in organisations "whose main object is to arouse the Empire spirit", organisations like the Junior Imperial and Constitutional League. But there are difficulties in the way. The writer notes that there are agencies whose object is "the seduction of youth from all that must be honoured by the true Imperialist". There are Socialist Sunday Schools, and the Young Communist League and similar organisations "persistently working to poison the wells of youthful minds". It does appear a dismal outlook, but the "Morning Post" may perhaps be called in to help the Junior Imperial League and divert the attention of British youth to a true appreciation of the Empires' heroes, for example General Dyer.

Ill-Advised.

Sir Lynden Macassey, once leader of the Parliamentary Bar and a well-known K. C., has discovered that the Executive in England has been encroaching for political purposes upon the rights of the Judiciary. To illustrate his contention he instances the O'Dwyer-Nair case and the judgement of Justice McCardie who decided it. The Labour Government which was then in power took exception to certain remarks of Justice McCardie and these remarks Sir Lynden Macassey considers in an article in the "National Review" for April to be "baseless reflections on one of His Majesty's Judges". He desires that the despatch containing these reflections "must in justice be rectified by another withdrawing the unfounded reflections upon Justice McCardie and the administration of justice in Great Britain". There is no doubt that this attempt to secure "rectification" will be most ill-advised. The question which will again come up for decision if the Baldwin Government is persuaded to look into this matter, will be whether a judge can go out of his way and give out his personal views on issues which do not come up before him as a subject matter in the case he is called upon to judge. There can be no doubt that there is only one answer to this question, and that is the one given by the Labour Government.

A Welcome Amendment.

The Government of India have notified a welcome amendment to the electoral rules of all legislative bodies removing the electoral disqualification of women. They could not be elected or nominated as members of any legislature. Now the Government of India by amending the rules direct that any Provincial Council or the Legislative Assembly or the Council of State can, after one month's notice, pass a resolution recommending that women in general or any class of women not otherwise disqualified be allowed to be elected or nominated as members. In the Legislative Assembly, Mr. B. Das and some other members had repeatedly drawn attention to this disqualification imposed upon women, and it is gratifying to find that so far as lies in the hands of the Government of India the limitations laid upon women's desire to participate in the law-making work of the country have been removed. It is now in the hands of the Legislatures themselves to abolish the disqualification.

The Homes of Learning.

Public Libraries can serve as real homes of learning, as was well pointed out very recently by Mrs. Vidyagauri Mehta when she presided at a Libraries Conference at Baroda. Maharashtra has taken a good deal of interest in the Public Libraries movement and the Maharashtra Libraries Association started only a few years ago has an encouraging amount of work already to its credit. A bulletin issued by the Association states that 143 Public Libraries and Reading Rooms have been incorporated in it by now, and it hopes to obtain a variety of newspapers at concession rates so that they can be placed for public benefit in free libraries. The Association wants all its workers to approach Municipalities and District Boards in order to secure an annual grant for the work of establishing and maintaining libraries and reading-rooms in rural areas. It proposes to hold the second Maharashtra Public Libraries Conference by the middle of this month in Poona, when all questions of giving a stability to the Libraries movement may be discussed fully.

COAL WAR DECLARED.

NEGOTIATIONS BREAK DOWN.

GOVT. ASSURANCE OF NORMAL FOOD SUPPLY.

TEXT OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

LONDON, May 3.

It is officially announced that negotiations to avert a general strike have broken down.—Reuter.

"WAR HAS BEEN DECLARED"

NO CAUSE FOR PANIC RE NECESSARIES OF LIFE.

LONDON, May 3.

"War has been declared" was the statement of Mr. J. H Thomas to pressmen after the breaking off of the negotiations. It is learned that the Government's preliminary arrangements for the distribution of supplies are already operating. It is stated, on behalf of Government, that food conditions are normal and that there is no need for anxiety on the part of the public and still less for anything in the nature of a panic. If they loyally carry out the Government regulations with regard to food, coal, petrol and other essential supplies, and do not indulge in hoarding, their comfort and convenience will be safeguarded.

In the event of newspapers ceasing publication, Government will keep the public informed by means of wireless and bulletins posted at town halls and post offices. Reuter.

"A CHALLENGE TO NATION'S FREEDOM."

TEXT OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

LONDON, May 3.

An official statement, issued from 10, Downing Street, at one in the morning, says:—"The following decision of His Majesty's Government has been conveyed, to-night, to Mr. Pugh, Chairman of the Trade Union Congress Committee, that Government believe that no solution of the difficulties of the coal industry which are both practicable and honourable to all concerned can be reached except by a sincere acceptance of the report of the Coal Commission. In the expression 'acceptance of report' is included both reorganisation of the industry, which will be put in hand immediately and pending the results of reorganisation being attained such interim adjustment of wages or hours of work as make it economically possible to carry on the industry in the meantime.

If the miners, or the Trade Union Committee on their behalf, were prepared to say plainly that they accept this proposal, Government would have been ready to resume negotiations and continue subsidy for a fortnight; but since the discussions which have occurred between Ministers and the members of the Trade Union Congress Committee it has come to the knowledge of the Government not only that specific instructions have been sent under the authority of the executives of the Trade Unions represented at the Conference convened by the General Council of the Trade Union Congress asking their members in several of the most vital industries and services of the country to carry on a general strike from Tuesday next, but that overt acts have already occurred, including such gross interference with the freedom of the Press, such action involves a challenge to the constitutional rights and freedom of the nation, His Majesty's Government therefore, before it can continue negotiations, must require from the Trade Union Committee both a repudiation of the actions referred to, that have already occurred, and an immediate and unconditional withdrawal of the instructions for a general strike."—Reuter.

"BE PREPARED FOR GENERAL STRIKE."

(The following messages were despatched before announcement that negotiations to avert general strike had broken down).

LONDON, May 2.

(8-50 p. m.).—The Cabinet sat from five to seven when it summoned the Trade Union Congress negotiating Committee. This development is held to indicate that a basis of negotiation has been found.

The ponderous machinery in connection with the strike is gradually gaining momentus. The Food Commission have arrived at their posts. The National Union of Railwaymen has formulated regulations for running milk trains. The railway companies have received notices terminating men's employment to-morrow.

The Great Western Railway has appealed to its employees to remain loyal and let the mining industry settle its disputes directly.

MANIFESTO OF T. U. C.

(10-50 p.m.).—The General Council of the Trade Union Congress has issued a manifesto declaring among other things that even now an honourable settlement can be reached but the Government's demand that the miners' leaders should consent in advance of the negotiations to a reduction of wages must be withdrawn. Notices also must be withdrawn to allow the negotiations to proceed without the issue being prejudged. The manifesto concludes with saying that there is no shadow of reason why the miners should be locked out or the grave decision as to stoppage be allowed to take effect. If it does, then the responsibility will lie on Government and owners.

BE PREPARED FOR GENERAL STRIKE.

(May 3: 1-50 a.m.).—The Home Secretary issued a notification late yesterday evening stating that the country must be prepared for a general strike to-night. Government is taking all possible steps to maintain the supply of food fuel and light, to ensure the protection of all those engaged in these industries and the preservation of law and order. Recruiting stations for volunteers will be opened to-day.—Reuter.

90-MINUTE CABINET COUNCIL.

MINERS' EXECUTIVE RECALLED FROM DISTRICTS?

LONDON, May 2.

The usual Sunday calm was varied by a succession of meetings of political and Labour leaders striving to effect a settlement. This morning a ninety-minute Cabinet council was held. Meanwhile the General Council of Trade Union Congress is sitting at its head-quarters. A significant announcement is made that the miners' executive have been recalled by telegram from the districts.

Practically all churches in the country devoted services to the coal strike. There were special sermons and prayers mostly concluding with the National Anthem.

Although messages were frequently exchanged between the T. U. C. head-quarters and 10, Downing Street, and there were numerous comings and goings at both places everybody preserved sphinx-like silence, and there was still no resumption of negotiations up to early this evening, but at five o'clock unusual activity set in. Congressmen summoned by telephone Messrs. Cook, Cramp and Dobbie after which Mr. Ramsay Macdonald dashed out and hurriedly departed by motor-car. Simultaneously Mr. Baldwin called another Cabinet meeting.—Reuter.

STRIKE IN "DAILY MAIL" PRESS.

PRINTERS OBJECT TO A LEADER

LONDON, May 3.

The "Daily Mail" is not publishing on 3rd May owing to the strike of printers who objected to a leader condemning a general strike. The Editor of the "Daily Mail" refused to alter the article.—Reuter.

"FOR KING AND COUNTRY"

LONDON, May 3.

The "Daily Mail" leader to which the printers took objection was headed "For King and Country" and said inter alia, "The general strike is not an industrial dispute. It is a revolutionary movement intended to inflict suffering on a great mass of innocent persons in the community and therefore put forcible constraint on the Government. It cannot be tolerated in any civilised country. We call all law-abiding men and women to hold themselves for the service of the King and the Country."—Reuter.

"AN UNPRECEDENTED ULTIMATUM."

GOVT. ACCUSED OF CALAMITOUS DECISION.

LONDON, May 3.

4-45 a.m.—The General Council of the Trade Union Congress has written a lengthy letter to Mr. Baldwin expressing its surprise and regret at the Government's decision to terminate discussion, declaring that the public will judge the nature of the Government's intention by its "precipitate and calamitous decision," and deploring that the "sincere work in which the Council has been engaged to obtain an honourable settlement has been wrecked by the Government's unprecedented ultimatum."

ACTION IN SELF DEFENCE.

As regards the Government's first reason for breaking off the negotiations namely that specific instructions had been sent to the Trade Unionists in several industries and services to cease, the letter says it was in defence of their interests as wage-earners and a specific reason for a decision in this case was to secure for workers same right a employers insist upon with their workers namely that negotiations shall be conducted free from the atmosphere of strike or lork-out.

The letter disclaims any knowledge of over acts including an interference wi the liberty of the press mentioned in the Government statement and says the decisions of the Council definitely forbid any such independent and unauthorised action. It regrets it was not given an opportunity of investigating and dealing with the alleged incidents before the Government made them excuse for breaking off peace discussions.—Reuter.

SITUATION ON MONDAY.

A MILLION MINERS IDLE.

LONDON, May 3.

The magnitude of the threatened general strike can be gauged from the fact that already a million miners are idle and a general strike will involve 1,500,000 workers in transport and allied trades. Meanwhile, thousands of volunteers have already been enrolled at the temporary recruiting office housed in a wooden hut in the courtyard of the Foreign Office.

The Electrical Power Engineers Association resenting employment of technical workmen at electrical stations, has written a letter to the Premier, declaring its resolve to help to maintain the essential public services in connection with the supply of electricity.

HYDE PARK CLOSED.

Hyde Park will be closed to the public with effect from midnight to-night, and will be used as a milk distributing centre for London.

Arrangements have been made to call up special constables.—Reuter.

POSTAL RESTRICTIONS.

MR. CHURCHILL HEMMED IN

LONDON, May 3.

Special constables have been ordered to report to the London station of the British Broadcasting Company which is functioning for the issue of official communications which the Government may decide to broadcast. The Government announce that they are considering the question of supplying the public news in newspaper form. Meantime, the Government will be broadcasting news five times at fixed hours from to-morrow.

NO FOREIGN PARCELS

The Postmaster-General notifies that no foreign and Colonial parcels will be accepted while the inland packages will be restricted to the maximum of eight ounces. No parcels will be delivered within the London postal area. The public are urged to economise the use of telephones, telegraphs and postal services.

The Board of Trade order establishes milk pool in London. Provision Exchange has agreed to last Friday's market prices being made maximum prices until further notice.

The Government spokesman addressing the pressmen at noon reported that the news from the country was eminently satisfactory and there was no excitement. Everything was normal. Offers of services were pouring in from all over the country. Foodstocks were normal on the whole and were in many cases above average.

The Stock Exchange has been disorganised and there is practically no business, and prices are by way of precaution marked down but there is no selling pressure. Home railways were one or two points down.

HELP TO GOVERNMENT.

While Mr. Churchill was walking from Downing Street to the White Hall a crowd which the police were keeping back on the opposite side of the White Hall rushed across and hemmed Mr. Churchill in. A number of police had to be brought from tehe Downing Street to clear the way for him. Eventually Mr. Churchill was compelled to take refuge in the Home Office. Meanwhile, a queue a thousand strong was lining the Foreign Office quadrangle waiting to sign on as volunteers to help the Government.—Reuter.

FORTHCOMING ID CELEBRATIONS

PROPOSED PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

DY. COMMISSIONER CONFERS WITH LEADERS

DELHI, May 2.

In view of the public apprehension as to the possibility of communal friction during the forthcoming Id festival the Delhi authorities are taking all necessary precautions. Mr. Lincoln, Deputy Commissioner convened a special meeting, to-day, in the Town Hall of the leading Hindus and Muslims besides members of the Municipality and local officials. Mr. Lincoln dwelt on the false rumours which were being circulated for some time past and the mischievous propaganda carried on by mischievous persons. It was natural that the public looked to the police for protection when feelings between the two communities were running high. But if the police were to discharge their duties effectively it was essential that the people should trust the police implicitly and co-operate with them unreservedly. He was satisfied that Mr. Orde, the Senior Police Superintendent and the force he commanded were quite prepared to meet any emergency which, unhappily, might arise, but he was not satisfied that the requisite co-operation on the part of the public was forthcoming. Mr. Orde suggested that each one of those present might prepare a list of "budmashes" in his ward for the information of police and help in spreading the true facts of any incidents. Journalists might be persuaded to bring about a better understanding, and special constables enrolled.

General support was given to these proposals by those present but they did not approve of the idea of supplying the police with lists of "budmashes" as this, it was feared, might endanger their own lives. The majority of those present supported a censorship of the press and the stoppage of all objectionable posters. Several persons favoured the proposal of special constables and one or two offered themselves for enrolement.

BOMBAY LOCAL BOARDS ACT

SELECT COMMITTEES REPORT.

FIVE MINUTES OF DISSENT.

The following report of the Select Committee of the Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay on the Bill further to amend the Bombay Local Boards Act, 1923, and the Bill as amended by the Select Committee, are, in accordance with Standing Order VIII, 7 (4) of the Bombay Legislative Council has been published for general information in the Bombay Government Gazette:—

"We, the undersigned members* of the select committee appointed to consider Bill No. XX of 1925 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay Local Boards Act, 1923) have the honour to report as follows:—

*Note.—The signature of Messrs. K. F. Nariman, M. S. Khuhro, Mukhi Jethanand Pritamdas, D. R. Patil, G. B. Pradhan and B. G. Pahalajani and Sir Vasantrao Dabholkar will be notified when received. The signatures of Messrs. A. Montgomerie and Joseph Baptista was not obtained as they had resigned their appointments as members of the Legislative Council.

'We have carefully considered the bill and have also obtained the opinions of all the district local boards in the presidency, the collectors of all districts, and of the following associations:—1. Social Club, Lalbaug, Bombay. 2. Maratha Vidya Prasarak Mandli, Dharwar. 3. Somavanshi Kshatriya Kasar Community, Poona. 4. Maratha Education Confrence, Bombay. 5. Voter's Association, Ward No. 6, Poona City. 6. Brahman Sabha, Vita, Taluka Khanapur, District Satara, 7. Hindu Sabha, Poona. 8. Muslim League, Bombay, 9. Maratha Vidya Prasarak Samaj, Satara 10. Hindu Maha Sabha, Bombay Branch. 11. Sind Hindu Association, Karachi. 12. Anjuman-I-Islam, Bombay. 13. Shehwani Bhiaband Panchayat, Karachi. 14. Jain Association of India. 15. Bombay Prarthana Samaj 16. Hindu Sabha, Lar kana. 17. Deccan Maratha Education Association, Poona City. 18. Shri Shiwai Maratha Society, Poona City. 19. Hindu Missionary Society, Dadar 20. Kelye Gram Sanstha, 21. Sind Mahomedan Association, Karachi. 22. Sind Provincial Hindu Sabha.

We have decided that the provisions of the bill should in the first instance be applied only to the Muhammadans of the province of Sind. The necessary provision has been made in clause 5 of the bill. We have however provided for the extension of its provisions to district local boards in the Presidency proper which may apply for it.

Clause 2.—It is our opinion that provision should be made for the registration of divorces, and we have made the necessary amendment in this clause. We have also amended the clause so as to include the registration of marriages and divorces among the compulsory duties of local boards. We have considered the proposal of Mr. Shivdasani that a proviso should be added to this clause that where the bride at the time of her marriage does not belong to the religion of her birth the marriage should be registered only after recording her statement before a magistrate and copies of such statements should be available to the public. The members of the committee were equally divided on the question, six being for it and six against. It was decided by the casting vote of the Chairman that the proviso should not be inserted.

Clause 3.—We have redrafted this clause entirely so as to make the meaning clear and to include provision for the registration of divorces.

Clause 4.—We have made various changes in this clause, which have been necessitated by our decision to restrict the operation of the bill in the first instance to the Muhammadans of Sind only and to include divorces within the operation of the bill.

Clause 5.—We have amended the explanation to this clause so as to provide that the exemptions to be granted under the bill may be given only to the whole of any class of people following a common religion but not to any sub-divisions within such class.

We recommend that this report together with the minutes of dissent and the bill, as amended, be published in English, Marathi Gujarati, Kanarese and Urdu, in the "Bombay Government Gazette. We also recommend that they be published in Sindhi in the Sind Official Gazette."

(Sd.) Gulam Hussain Hidayatallah; S. N. Bhutto; Noor Mahomed; P. E. Pereival; A. Master; K. E. Dadachanji; A. M Mansuri; S. T. Kambli; L. S. Chaudheri; Rufiuddin Ahmed; A. N. Surve J. P. Bunter; H. B. Shivdasani; B. V. Jadhav and R. G. Pradhan..

(Note the last five have signed the report subject to separate minutes of dissent which will be published in a later issue.)

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya arrived by the Jubbulpore mail from Allahabad en route Sabarmati. He had an informal conference with the leaders of the Responsivists and it is understood he proposes to meet leaders of the Indian National Party before leaving for Sabarmati.

SABARMATI CONFERENCE.

LEADERS' ARRIVAL.

POSITION OF RESPONSIVISTS.

APPEAL FOR UNITY.

AHMEDABAD, May 2.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Messrs. Srinivasa Iyengar, A. Rangaswami Iyengar, Jamnadas Mehta, Satyamurti, Shivprasad Gupta and other arrived here this morning to attend the meeting of the All India Congress Committee.

Mr. Sen Gupta is coming to-night and Mrs. Besant is coming to-morrow morning. —A. P.

LIBERALS LEAVE FOR SABARMATI.

In response to Mrs. Naidu's invitation to the National party to attend the Sabarmati meeting of All-India Congress Committee, some of the members of party have left for Ahmedabad last night. It is decared that they are going not as deputies of the National Party but only in their individual capacity in order to submit certain concrete proposals, as desired by Mrs. Naidu, with a view to bringing about a united Congress. On their return, it is expected, they will issue a statement. The following National party members proceeded to Ahmedabad Sir Moropant Joshi, Mr. B. S. Kamat, Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, Mr. D. G. Dalvi, Mr. M. C. Chagla, Mr. N. M. Joshi and Mr. Rajwade of Akola.—A. P.

AKOLA ANOTHER REPORT.

At a meeting of the Indian National Party held to-day to consider the invitation extended by Mrs. Naidu, the President of the Indian National Congress to the leaders of the Indian National Party, it was decided to respond to the invitation and to depute the following gentlemen to represent the Party:—Sir M. V. Joshi, Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, Mr. B. S. Kamat, Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., Mr. M. C. Chagla, Mr. Rajavade and D. G. Dalvi.—Free Press of India

BENGAL LEADERS LEAVE.

CALCUTTA, May 2.

Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta, Kiransankar Roy, Pratap Guha Roy and five others left for Ahmedabad to-night by the Punjab Mail to attend the Sabarmati conference.—Free Press of India.

MEETING IN THE VIDYAPITH.

AHMEDABAD, May 3.

The All-India Congress Committee meets to-morrow at 3 p. m in the Vidyapith Hall at Sabarmati. Arrangements have been made for the boarding and lodging of the members of the All-India Congress Committee in the Vidyapith buildings.—Free Press of India

MR. CHAKRAVARTY FAVOURS PACT.

CALCUTTA, May 3.

Mr. B. Chakravarty, president of the Bengal Nationalist Party, who owing to ill-health is prevented from attending the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee at Sabarmati has sent a message to Mrs. Sarojini Naidu. President of the Indian National Congress stating that the Sabarmati agreement in his opinion made for integrity and strength of the Congress by opening its doors to those who were not yet within the Congress and that he trusted that on that ground it would be accepted by All-India Congress Committee. While wishing the Conference all success Mr. Chakravarty suggested that the acceptance of offices and its retention should be with the approval of the Congress Party in the Councils.

As for the selection of candidates, the central and provincial selection boards should be made fully representative by the inclusion of nominees of all parties.

Mr. Chakravarty was further of opinion that a special session of the Congress should be held at an early date at a central place to consider unparalleled tension of feeling between Hindus and Mahomedans, to adopt responsive or honourable co-operation as the policy of the Congress and to devise ways and means to bring as many political parties as possible within the Congress.—A.P.

HON. MR. PATEL'S POSITION.

BOMBAY, May 3.

A representative of the Free Press of India sought in an interview with the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel with a view to obtain some expression of his opinion on the issues raised by the Sabarmati pact. The Hon. Mr. Patel said:—"I have deliberately not formed any opinion on the merits of the controversy that has arisen over the Sabarmati pact, and have refrained from taking any part in the discussions that are going on. My position as the Speaker of the Assembly demands of me a complete detachment from all political and party controversies that I may bring to bear on my duties an open and impartial mind. I do not now propose to deviate from the standard I set for me when accepting office."—Free Press of India.

PACT SOAKED WITH WISDOM.

BOMBAY, May 3.

Mr. Jayakar, Dr. Moonje, Dr. Welkar. Messrs. Kelkar, Bhopatkar, and other Maharashtra leaders left by to-night's Gujarat Mail for Ahmedabad. Among other passengers by the Mail were Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and a contingent of the Indian National Party.

Dr. Moonje and Mr. Aney were interviewed regarding the prospects of the ratification of the Sabarmati pact by the All-India Congress Committee. Asked if the majority view of the Committee will favour the ratification, they said;

"The pact represents the combined wisdom of Pandit Motilal and Mrs. Naidu on the one side and Messrs. Jayakar and Kelkar on the other. Who can say that they have not done the wisest thing under the circumstances that have developed or bid fair to develop tragically in some provinces. Mere votes do not make up for the experience and wisdom of the leaders of the country. We are absolutely indifferent in the matter as our conscience is clean, and we do hope that after all good sense will prevail and the vote of the Committee will not go against Panditji and Mrs. Naidu. Otherwise it will amount to a censure and a want of confidence in the leadship and skill of Pandit Motilal, the leader of the Congress and Mrs. Naidu its actual President. It will be nothing short of national calamity."—Free Press of India.

RESPONSIVISTS MEET.

SABARMATI PACT RATIFIED.

A meeting of the Responsive Co-operation Party was held to-day at Sirdar Griha to consider the resolutions of the Indian National Party and the Sabarmati Pact. Mr. M. R. Jayakar, the President of the Party, was in the chair. The meeting was well attended by leading responsivists from C. P., Maharashtra, Berar and Bombay. After considerble discussion, the meeting adopted unanimously the following resolution relating to the Sabarmati Pact:—

"This meeting approves of the action of the leaders of the Responsive Co-operation Party in having attended the conference convened at the instance of Pandit Motilal Nehru at Sabarmati on the 20th April last and in having reciprocated his desire to arrive at an honourable compromise with a view to avoid conflict and disunion.

PACT RATIFIED.

This meeting is of opinion that the pact arrived at, at Sabarmati between the leaders of the Swaraj Party and the Responsive Co-operation Party does not secure some of the points which the Party in its meeting at Akola included in its policy and programme but as the need of national unity in the effort of securing the goal Swaraj, at an early date is paramount over other considerations at present, this meeting ratifies the said pact and authorises its representatives who will attend the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee convened to-morrow at Ahmedabad to support the said pact, but to proceed no further than they have done in the direction of modifying the decision of this party to work the reforms for all they are worth and of using the same for accelerating the advent of full responsible Government at an early date.

NO ALTERATION IN LANGUAGE.

"This meeting is further of opinion that any alteration of the language of the pact either by way of amplification or explanation is sure to have the effect of reopening the whole question in which case the Responsive Co-operation Party reserve to themselves the liberty of going back to their position of working the Reforms for all they are worth and obtaining the verdict of the electorate on that footing at the next general elections."

The meeting next considered the question of allowing the members of the Responsive Cooperation Party joining the Indian National Party, and after some discussion adjourned till 2 p.m. on the 7th instant, postponing further consideration of the question to that meeting.—Free Press of India.

SUPPORT TO THE PACT.

YEOTMAL, May 3.

The Chikni Parganna Conference held at Arni under the presidentship of Mr. M. S. Aney has unanimously passed a resolution recommending the All-India Congress Committee to ratify the Swarajist-Responsivist compromise and in the event of its being thrown out by the All-India Congress Committee calling upon the electors to support the responsivist candidates at the ensuing general elections.—A. P.

GANDHIJI TO SEE GOVERNOR.

LEAVING SABARMATI TO-MORROW.

AHMEDABAD, May 3.

It is understood that Mahatma Gandhi expects to leave Sabarmati on the 5th after the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee is over, on his visit to the Governor of Bombay at Mahableshwar. He stays in Bombay for a day on the 6th and leaves the same night for Mahableshwar. —Free Press of India.

COOPERATION IN GUJERAT.

DEBT REDEMPTION IN PANCH MAHALS.

The following is the summary of Cooperative work in Agriculture done in Gujarat during the quarter ending 31st March last:—

Following the lead given by Bulsar, Broach organized a Co-operative Weaving Society in order to obtain yarn and machinery for its weavers at reasonable rates and secure the highest price available for their manufactured products without intervention of the middlemen.

Partial failure of the monsoon at a time when the last shower of rains was badly needed b agriculturists in Gujarat coupled with the fall in prices of cotton which has come to be the principal produce during recent years, led Government to suspend its demands for revenue either wholly or partially in some of the villages in almost every Taluka. In view of the conditions of crops and the market the co-operative societies had to undertake the hello duty of recovering arrears; granting extensions in deserving cases in order to save the cultivator from the grip of the sawcar; and making arrangements for financing the members of societies adequately in order to meet the dificulties of he current year and the needs of the ansuing one. The work done in these directions so far can be said to be not satisfactory. When the statements presented by the District Banks, the Branches of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, the arrangements for the preparation of maximum normal credit statements and the cases of villages to which the concession of extensions has been granted are taken into consideration. The Supervising Unions have started the work of preparing the statements of assets and maximum normal credit of the members of societies within their area of operations.

A TRAINING CLASS.

Under the auspices of the Gujarat Branch of the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute a training class for the supervisors has been started by he commencement of the current month. The successful candidates at the class will form the right group from which incumbents for the post of secretaries and supervisors may be selected. Thus the difficulty which is often encountered by Co-operative Institutions to have secretaries and supervisors who not only know their work but take lively interest therein will be eliminated to a great extent.

The cotton sale societies in the Surat District, in spite of partical failure of the monsoon, and the downward tendency of the prices as a result of the dull market did satisfactory business by getting the cotton collection from their respective members ginned at convenient factories, and selling them to the agents of the manufacturers or the merchants at current market rates. In Surat District Godsamba Cooperative Cotton Sale Society in Mandvi Taluka could not start its work owing to the poor conditions of cotton crop and the unexpected death of one of its members of the managing committee. The Hansot Group Co-operative Cotton the Sale Society and the societies Chikhly Taluka intended 1027 A. L. F. Beed The Thasra Co-operative Cotton Sale Society in the Kaira District which has within its area of operations almost all the cotton growing villages of the Taluka attracted an encouraging volume of business. The Karoli Ginning Factory which commenced its work in right earnest during the current season ginned 324 bhars of kapas. The cotton sale societies till now could not pay proper attention to accounts and internal management owing to this inability to engage a competent secreterial staff to look after the administration of their affairs from within. The Federation has its constitution no framed as to make it the right type of the Union which can be in a position to meet the demands of the societies from business point of view.

IN PANCH MAHALS.

Following the example of Donkhanda Co-operative Credit Society in Kalol Taluka the members of the Ambali Co-operative Credit Society went in for a scheme of redeeming their old debts. A loan of Rs. 10,000 ten thousand was granted to the society by the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank.

The system of granting rewards to the deserving honerary workers in societies has been put into practice from this year in order that the chairmen and committee members who conduct the affairs of their society efficiently may feel that their work in the Movement does not pass unappreciated.

CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE AT ANAND.

Under the auspices of the Gujarat Branch of the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute the Borsad Thasra and Anand Taluka Co-operative Conference was held at Anand. Resolutions recommending the organization of co-operative dairies, co-operative tobacco sale societies, requesting the Revenue the Public Works Departments and the residents of the Taluka as well as District Local Boards to grant facilities for the organization of co-operative labourers' societies and the development of the co-operative producers' societies by entrusting the cart-work directly to labourers and selling the babul trees to the existing leather workers' societies in Borsad and Nadiad were passed.

SHOPS RE-OPEN.

500 ARRESTS MADE UPTO NOW.

CALCUTTA, May 2.

Judging by appearances, calm has practically been restored in North Calcutta, to-day being the first since the beginning of the present riots when no cases of stabbing or assault were reported. Special police patrol parties are going about the affected areas including the people to resume business, and although a feeling of insecurity still exists among the merchants of Burrabazaar, their efforts in this direction have been partially successful inasmuch as many of the people shops in Cotton Street, Chitpore Road and College Street re-opened to-day. The food situation has improved immensely. The only incident of note to-day was one in which a bullock care laden with jute was set fire to at the crossing of Amherst Street and Mechuabazaar Street. The flames however were quickly extinguished by the fire brigade. A Bengali has been taken into custody in this connection.

500 ARRESTS.

The Shampurkar police have arrested three rickshaw coolies who, it is alleged, entered the permises occupied by a Mahomedan Government servant on the pretext that a Hindu girl was kept under confinement there.

Tulsiram Rati and 19 other Marwaris have been arrested on charges of dacoity, grievous hurt and rioting in connection with the incident in Harrison Road on Thursday night, when it is alleged they assaulted a Kabuli pedestrian and robbed him of 200 rupees.

Three Bengalis connected with printing presses have been arrested in connection with the distribution of leaflets warning the public against the use of certain taxi cabs bearing particular numbers.

As far as can be gathered about 500 arrests have been made since the resumption of riots. A reward of 50 rupees has been given to four Bengali medical students who responsible for the arrest of a Mahomedan with a dagger in Cornwallis Street on Wednesday last.—A. P.

PANIC STILL PREVAILS.

CONTAGION SPREADS TO MOFFUSIL.

CALCUTTA, May 1.

For the first time after ten days of continued disturbances, Calcutta passed a quiet day. Except for Burrabazar and Rajabazar, there are signs of return to normal conditions all over the city. Streets present animated appearance with usual vehicular traffic. Majority of the shops are open and are transacting business. Only one case of hooliganism was reported in Amherst Street near Mechuabazar where a cart carrying jute was set fire to.

A good deal of panic however prevails in Burrabazar where there are still signs of complete desolation. Tram service in Chitpore remains still suspended. There was no new admission of riot cases today in the hospitals.

CONTAGION SPREADS.

Contagion of the riots seems to have spread to the moffussil. Reports of desecration of temples and breaking of idols are pouring in from different towns and villages. Closely following upon the looting of sweetmeat shop, comes to-day news of a raid by Moslems upon temples in Kaunia, a suburb of Barisal where the images of Kali, Hari and Manasha are reported to have been broken. It is stated some of the miscreants have been identified as local Mohammedans.

AT DACCA

At Dacca, it is reported, three Mohammedans raided a shop, assaulted the shopkeeper and a Hindu driving a ghari.—Free Press of India

MORE POWERS TO POLICE

CALCUTTA, May 2.

In view of the abnormal situation in Calcutta, it is understood that Commissioner of Police will be invested with extra powers to the report to Government anyone considered to be a bad character for deportation from Calcutta for a period of two years.

MAYOR'S APPEAL TO BENGAL

In the course of an appeal to the people of Bengal, Mr. J. M. Sen-Gupta asks the Congress and Khilafat leaders and workers in the Moffussil centres to form influential committees of Hindus and Moslems for the purpose of counteracting mischievous activities. "Let us not forget", he says, "that if we allow this calamity to overtake the whole of Bengal it will certainly mean the end of all political and national work for sometime to come. "He suggests that these regretable occurances are not the direct outcome of communal differences but are the results of activities of designing men who have made of these differences for their own political purposes.—Free Press of India.

NEWSPAPERS' OFFICES RAIDED.

CALCUTTA, May 2.

As a sequel to the riots the police raided last night the offices of the vernacular newspapers, the "Sultan", the "Basumati", the "Hanifi", the "Durmukh" and the "Bharatmitra", when some copies of papers were confiscated.

It is understood that proceedings under Section 153-A, I. P. C., will be instituted against some of the papers.—Free Press of India."

CALCUTTA EDITORS ON BAIL.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION'S RESOLVE

CALCUTTA, May 2.

At an extraordinary general meeting of Indian Journalist Association, Mr. J. Chaudhury presiding, a resolution was passed appointing a sub-committee to go through the issues in regard to which action will be taken against "Basumati", "Bharatamitra", "Sultan", "Durmukh" and "Hanif", and requesting the editors of those papers to supply the Association with the issues.

Another resolution, requesting editors and conductors of papers to take special care to see to authenticity of reports published, and urging them to realise their responsibility in matter, was also passed.

In connection with the police raid in the newspaper offices, warrants were issued against editors of "Basumati" and "Sultan" under Section 153. The respective editors are now on bail. It is understood the case will be heard on May 5th.—Free Press of India.

SHOPS YET CLOSED

CALCUTTA, May 3.

Though riots have subsided and Calcutta passed two days without any untoward incident, shops in Burrabazar and Chitpore are closed. This is stated to be due to exodus of merchants from the city, but a feeling of suspicion seems still to oppress Burrabazar merchants.—Free Press of India.

LEGISLATION FOR UNIVERSITIES

GOVT. OF INDIA DECISION.

CALCUTTA, May 3.

A Simla message states that the Government of India have arrived at an important decision by which no previous sanction of the Central Government will be necessary for legislation regarding the control of the establishment and regulation of the constitution and functions of universities under devolution rules.—Free Press of India.

DEFALCATION FROM TREASURY

CULPRIT FINED

CALCUTTA, May 3.

Gopal Ghose Poddar of the Chinsura Government Treasury was sentenced by the Deputy Magistrate of Hoogly to two years rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 on a charge of defalcation from the treasury.—Free Press of India.

MILL STRIKE ENDS.

CALCUTTA, May 3.

About 20,000 workers of seven jute mills at Kankinarrah and its neighbourhood who struck work on April 19 resumed work on Friday, it is said unconditionally.—Free Press of India.

SERIOUS AEROPLANE CRASH.

LONDON, May 2.

A miraculous escape of a passenger from a terrible flying accident took place at King's Lynn, this afternoon when an aeroplane which was making an exhibition flight owing to a high wind crashed on a cemetery knocking over several tombstones and completely wrecking itself. Mr. Barrett the passenger jumped out just before it crashed and escaped practically unhurt. The pilot, Capt. Biggwither, was mortally injured. The other occupant George Mark Lloyd who has been performing daring feats at a height of 2,000 feet was seriously injured.—Reuter Special.

MR. ANDREWS AT AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, May 2.

Mr. C. F. Andrews arrived here this morning from Bombay. He spent the day with Mr. Gandhi at Satyagrahashram talking over the whole problem of Indians in South Africa. He leaves tonight for Bombay from where he starts for Shantiniketan tomorrow evening.—A.P.

MR. ANDREWS LEAVES AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, May 2.

Mr. Andrews leaves Ahmedabad to-night for Bombay en route to Calcutta.—Free Press of India.

GERMAN MINE OWNERS JUBILANT

BERLIN, May 2.

Developments in the British coal-mining dispute is being watched with very great interest in Germany. The German mine-owners who have recently been suffering as a consequence of the British competition are pleased at the prospects of regaining their share of the world's coal trade wrested from them by British mines. Leaders of the Socialist and Communist parties are urging German miners to do their utmost to help their British colleagues. They express the opinion that they would be able to prevent direct export of coal from the Ruhr to Britain and are negotiating with the Dutch labour unions with a view to preventing German coal from reaching Britain, via Holland.—Reuter.

MEANING OF "DIFFERENT OPINION."

MR. ANIL RAY'S STATEMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, May 2.

Sjt. Anil Baran Ray has made the following reply on Sir Hugh Stephen's statement to the European Association. "It is really very painful to me to be dragged into a controversy which is so delicately personal and living as I do in a remote village in the mofussil I have neither the facilities nor the time or inclination to enter into a wordy combat. By this time I have made sufficiently clear to the public through the platform, the press, the circumstances relating to my imprisonment and release so far as they are known to me, and I shall be much obliged, if, henceforward the public form their own opinion about the statement's interpretations and contradictions that may be issued by the Government or any body else. In connection with this matter, a statement by Sir Hugh Stephenson has been brought to my notice only to-day, and I shall be very glad if this be the last statement I shall have to take note of. In this matter, when the Hon. Sir Hugh Stephenson, my former colleague in the Bengal Legislative Council, met me at the Alipur Central Jail for the first time after my incarceration, both of us were somewhat embarrassed and naturally the words in connection with my detention and release were very few. On the next day, soon after my release, I reproduced those words from my memory to a representative and I remember having marked at that time that my words were correctly reported.

A DIFFERENT OPINION.

I distinctly remember that I understood from what Sir Hugh said that the Government had now a different opinion about me and that they were going to release me unconditionally.

What exactly he meant by having "different opinion," I did not try to ascertain and the public have put their own interpretation on those words. If Sir Hugh Stephenson now tries to explain what he really meant by his statement at that time, that is a matter between Sir Hugh and the public. I think I have already said what the public can demand of me in this connection; and when so many urgent matters are claiming the attention of the public. shall be grateful if my case so far as it is personal be forgotten for the present.

ELECTION PROSPECTS IN AJMER-MERWARA.

BRANCH OF SWARAJ PARTY FORMED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AJMER, May 3.

At an informal meeting of the leading crizens held at Phoolnwas yesterday, a provisional committee of the Swaraj Party was formed with Rai Saheb Chandrikaprasad Tiwari as president and Mr. Gaurishanker Bhargava as secretary. It was resolved to request the All-India Swaraj Party that pending further advice from the provisional committee nomination of Swarajist candidate for the Ajmer-Merwara seat in the Assembly be held in abeyance. So far there are four candidates here most influential of them being Rai Saheb Harbilas Sarda the present incumbent who is also a judge in Jodhpur State and Rai Saheb Bishambharnath, Advocate who has European and Moslem support.

A LIGHTNING DISASTER.

THREE PRISONERS KILLED OUTRIGHT.

MERGUI, May 3.

A lightening struck the jail building yesterday killing three and affecting ten prisoners.—A. P.

HOUSTON ESTATE AFFAIRS.

LONDON, May 2.

The appointment of Lady Houston as co-executor of her husband's large estate will have to be varied in consequence if the finding if the Jersey Court which, after hearing the evidence of six of the principal residents whom it had previously warned to interview her ladyship and ascertain the state of her mind and body, had come to the conclusion that it was desirable to appoint a curator to look after her person and property. The evidence showed that she was suffering from delusions of being persecuted to be murdered.

Mr. Churchill in the House of Commons a few days ago expressed the opinion that there was a good prospect of securing death duties on the whole of Houston's estate.—Reuter

EUROPEAN CHARGED WITH CULPABLE HOMICIDE

CALCUTTA, May 2.

Mr. E. W. Holland, Sub-Divisional magistrate of Barrackpore resumed the hearing yesterday of the case in which J. Spence, a European Assistant of Gouripur jute mills was sent up on a charge of culpable homicide not amounting to murder in respect of the death of Jugnarain, a weaver of that mill on April 7th.

Two more mill hands were examined one of whom deposed that the accused slapped and kicked the deceased. After some formal witnesses were examined on the application made by the counsel for the complainant, the Magistrate decided to recall Major Goodson, Civil Surgeon, as a court witness, and to frame charges after cross-examination of the prosecution witnesses.

The hearing has been adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

DR. SUKHIA'S FAREWELL LETTER.

LONG DISCUSSION IN CORPORATION.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Monday afternoon, Mr. R. M. Chinoy presiding.

A farewell letter addressed to the Secretary by Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia, evoked some heated debate whether it should be recorded or not as some members took exceptions to certain passages in the letter which they considered as obnoxious while others thought common courtesy required that the letter be recorded despite the offensive passages contained therein. The President in the exercise of his discretion had expunged certain passages and only a summary of the letter was placed on the agenda. After some discussion on points of order and merits of the letter, Dr. Vlegas' amendment that the letter as placed on the agenda was agreed to

DR. SUKHIA'S FAREWELL.

Consideratiton was given to a letter to the Municipal Secretary, dated the 15th April 1926, from Dr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia—Stating that the judgment of the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court in the suits about the last General Municipal Elections do not enable him to return to the Corporation and submitting his resignation with regard to various appointments by the Corporaton as their representative on several Advisory and other Committees. Requesting that his best thanks be conveyed to the Corporation, to the Municipal Commissioner Mr. H. B. Clayton, and others who have all throughout given him great help in the discharge of his duties for a period of over 25 years as a member of the Corporation. Thanking also Providence for giving him a second lease of life after a very serious and tedious long illness of several months.

Mr. J. B. Boman Behram moved that the letter be not recorded against which Dr. A. G. Viegas moved an amendment that the letter be recorded,

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai supporting the motion said Dr. Sukhia had shown courtesy of thanking the Corporation for their kindness to him and therefore it would not be fair for them to depart from their usual practice of recording such communications.

Mr. B. G. Horniman asked that the whole letter of Dr. Sukhia be read before the Corporation.

The President said he (president) had expunged some portions of the letter.

Mr. Horniman raised a point of order whether it was or it was not in order for a member to demand that a letter addressed to the Corporation be read before the house.

The President said it was competent for him to delete some portions of a letter and not to allow them to appear on the agenda paper. But if a member wanted to read the letter he was entitled to do so.

Mr. H. A. Laljee moved another amendment that the letter as addressed to the Secretary be recorded.

The President ruled the amendment out of order as he said the letter was not before the house.

Mr. A. I. Janai characterised the letter of Dr. Sukhia as obnoxious, pernicious and stupid and said such a letter should not be recorded.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee pointed out that the summary before the house was not correct and it would not be fair to the Corporation to ask them to record the summary without reading the letter.

Mr. H. P. Mody urged Mr. Boman Behram to withdraw his motion and to look with courtesy on a colleague who had served the Corporation for 25 years.

Closure was moved at this stage.

The amendment of Dr. Viegas was then put to the vote and was carried by 30 votes against 17.

The Corporation elected Mr. Fazal Rahimtoola as their representative on the B. B. and C. I. Railway Advisory Committee in place of Mr. J. G. Nensy who was unsuccessful in the last municipal election and elected Mr. H. P. Kirpalani, Mr. Y. G. Pandit, and W. H. Hammond as their representatives on the board of Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute.

The Corporation then adjourned till Thursday next.

ANDHRADESA'S DELEGATES IN BOMBAY.

TO OPPOSE THE PACT.

Ten delegates from Andhradesa including Messrs. T. Prakasam, B. Sambamurty, G. Harisarvottamrao, C. V. S. Narasimharaju, M. Annapurniah, D. Subbamma arrived on Sunday morning at Bombay, on their way to Ahmedabad to attend the A. I. C. C. meeting. In pursuance of the resolution of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee at Bezwada they are determined to oppose the pact, which, according to them "is a gross violation of the Cawnpore Congress resolution." They left for Ahmedabad yesterday evening.

NON-BRAHMIN CNOFERENCE

PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY WANTED.

On Sunday the Non-Brahmin Conference began at 6 p.m. The following were among the resolutions passed:—

That the Government should encourage cottage industries, Swadeshi and Khaddar; that the Government local Boards and Municipalities should introduce compulsory primary education and levy the taxes so that they may not fall heavily on the labourers and poor farmers; that compulsory military education should be introduced in the Universities; that Government should give commissioned offices to non-Brahmins in the Indian army, navy and air forces; that witnesses should be called by the Royal Agricultural Commission, from among the farming classes and their economic condition should be examined, and a non-Brahmin representative appointed on the Commission; that a Committee be appointed to look into the grievances of non-Brahmin Government employees; that the conference deplores the attitude of the Government with regard to the S. African question; that prohibition of liquor traffic should be introduced in the Presidency; that gold reserve which is kept should be used for the encouragement of agriculture and cottage industries in India by giving loans; that provincial electoral franchise should be lowered to Rs. 3 in Bombay; and that the age-limit for Government examination, services etc., should be raised in the case of non-Brahmins.

The Conference recommended that a Committee to be named at the Conference be appointed to examine and report on the dispute between 'khots' and tenants.

PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY.

Mr. Desai moved a resolution condemning the present form of Government and recommending the immediate introduction of provincial autonomy. Mr. Mone of Nasik moved a resolution recommending that a religious endowment Bill on the lines of the Madras Bill be brought in the Bombay Council and the endowments be used for primary education in villages.

Mr. D. M. Khandke and Mr. S. L. Silam were appointed joint secretaries of the Conference. A vote of thanks to the chair brought by Mr. D. M. Khandke was passed with acclamation and the proceedings terminated.

TRAGEDY IN A PARIS FLAT.

EX-AMBASSADOR'S WIFE FOUND DEAD

PARIS, May 2.

Madame Regnault, the wife of a former Ambassador at Tokyo was found dead in her flat which had apparently been burgled. The cook, entering her mistress' bed-room, found it in chaos with furniture lying broken about the floor. Madame Regnault's body was in the corridor, apparently shot dead. Her husband was away from home. —Reuter Special.

FAITHFUL SERVANT OF CHRIST.

MRS. NAIDU'S MESSAGE TO MR. ANDREWS.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, President of the Indian National Congress, has sent the following telegram to Rev. C. F. Andrews:

"Welcome home, brave and faithful servant of Christ. I thank you out of a full heart for your noble labour in South Africa. Pray come to Sabarmati and receive the nation's thanks."—A. P.

TRADE MARK CASE.

ALLEGED INFRINGEMENT.

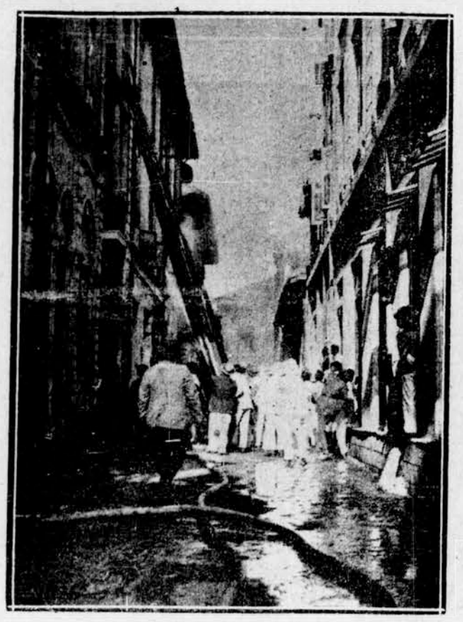
ALLAHABAD, May 3.

At the Allahabad High Court to-day before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Mukerji commenced the hearing of the original suit in which the Swadesh Mills Company of Bombay sued Messrs. Joggilal Kamalapat Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills Company Limited of Cawnpore for the infringement of trade mark, claiming injunction and Rs. 25,000 damages. Mr. B. E. O'Conor appeared for the plaintiffs and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru for the defendants.

The suit was originally filed before the subordinate Judge, Cawnpore, but was transferred for trial to the High Court with the consent of the parties.

Mr. O'Conor took up most of the day in opening his case and stated that the plaintiffs used a certain impressed stamp and label indicating that the dhoties, chaddars and longcloth manufactured by the plaintiffs were of absolutely swadeshi character and the goods had a reputation in the Indian market. The defendants were alleged to have used the label on their cloths which was a colourable imitation of the plaintiffs' lebel by which purchasers were misled owing to similarity. A large number of pieces of cloth were filed as exhibits and were shown to the court. The case is proceeding.—A. P.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN FORT.



"The Chronicle" Photos.

On Sunday afternoon a disastrous fire broke out in Dadoo Building, Marine Street, Fort, originating from the godown of Messrs. The Indo-British Chemical Stores and Supply Co., when one person was killed and several were injured, and damage of over five lakhs of rupees is estimated. In the photo on the left the Fire Brigades are seen running up the ladder against the wall of the building that was on fire, and the photo on the right shows the Brigade hose playing on the conflagration to bring it under control.

WELCOME TO INDIA'S TRIUMPHANT AMBASSADOR.

On Saturday evening a mass meeting was held in Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall to accord a hearty welcome to Mr. C. F. Andrews on his return from South Africa under the presidency of Sir C. H. Setalvad, when a glowing tribute to the services of Mr. Andrews while in South Africa was paid. Mr. Andrews recapitulating the work done there pleaded for firmness tact and restraint to achieve success in the great struggle.

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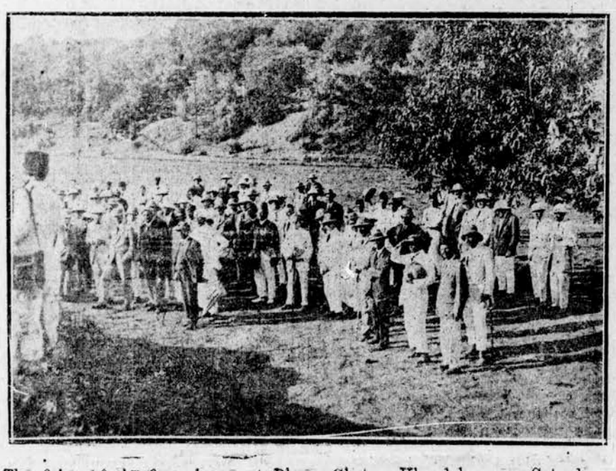
ELIMINATION OF REVERSING STATION.



The firing of the first charge at Bhore Ghat, Khandala, on Saturday.

WELCOME TO PAPAL DELEGATE.

"The Chronicle" Photos.

Mgr. Edward Mooney, Archbishop of Irenopolis arrived in Bombay on Saturday last as Apostolic Delegate to the East. He was welcomed at the Gloria Church, Byculla on Sunday morning.

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SOME MATTERS PARSI.

CAUSERIE OF THE WEEK.

(By our Parsi Correspondent).

Two Parsis of distinction would be leaving for Europe this week-end—Mr. H. J. Bhabha, M.A., and Mr. Rustum Vachagandhy. The former is a septuagenarian, and has a career which has registered success in everything save certain religious reforms on which he had set his heart. The heavy handicap of Mr. Bhabha's life is his disagreement with self-advertisement. He was for years at the head of the Mysore Education Department which he served with uncommon ability. Its University has conferred upon him the degree of Doctor, and no educationist deserved it better. And now the Bombay University has at last awakened to its sense of appreciation of Mr. Bhabha. By appreciation of real worth, the Bombay University may yet remove the stain on its education brought about by the creation of ignorant Doctors. Mr. Bhabha goes to Europe to represent both Mysore and Bombay at the forthcoming Conference of Universities. This undertaking at his age for an Indian, is very creditable. The noisy world of Parsi newspapers as a rule—with some occasional exceptions—have shown little consciousness of his culture. For he is one of the greatest of sinners. He has not pushed himself forward either to garland or to be garlanded at meetings, where the functionaries come to applaud one another and betray the community worthless and at times ruinous usages, idolatrous practices and offence to common sense.

Mr. Rustam Vachangadhi is the proprietor of a well-known Indo-Gujarati daily of Bombay. His "Sanj Vartman," is a widely appreciated evening institution. He goes to represent the journalists of East. He, too, has reached a ripe age. Some at least, if not all, of the papers which are conducted in rivalry to his, may, perhaps, disparage the distinction conferred on him, or damn him with faint praise. But for Parsis with a vision it will be difficult to forget his outstanding merit in lending his ungrudging support to the Iran movement when others opposed it either in a frenzy of bigotry, or for opposition's sake only—just to run down a movement that is first started, encouraged and blessed by rival papers—as those who know the way of Gujarati papers of Bombay will amply testify.

PARSIS & PERSIA.

The week saw the celebrations of the coronation of Reza Shah Pahlevi in Bombay. The Parsis evinced a practical and sound sense in choosing as the president of the meeting Mr. M. J. Shushtari. Their sentiments of appreciation of the steps of Reza Shah were expressed and their devotion to Persia was testified, by the election of a worthy Muslim to the Chair. The latter is a merchant concerned in the uplift of Persia to the extent that he still hopes to participate in the development of the country. He has two large projects in his hand. The first is the development of the Mahomera harbour. Some of his schemes, in certain respects have, such a high approval of far-seeing businessmen that they have been appropriated by the Persian Government themselves. He is also actively interested in the trunk road to be made through Ahvaz to Khorramabad which will render Persia's trade independent of Iraq.

WESTERN SAVANTS ON AVESTA.

Professor Johannes Hertel continues to add to his astonishing series of researches into the Avesta. They have not yet awakened adequate interests in Bombay where the old methods which he completely rejects are dominant. His theory has been very strenuously opposed in the West. At the same time, it has warm admirers like Professor Bloomfield of Baltimore who has more than once read his books with breathless interest. The same appreciation is evinced by Dr. Barnett of London. Among his own country men, Yunker has been impressed with his line of argument. He very rightly complains that what he has received from his sharply critical colleagues is a heap of abuse, whereas he wants, he craves for arguments in refutation of his novel position. His main argument seems to be eminently reasonable. Dr. Hertel contends that the entire Parsi traditional learning is a mass of fabrication or conjectural make-shift. It is priestly jugglery to hide ignorance. These views cannot find favour with the hawkers of supernatural wares and the monopolists of ethereal vibrations and supramundane colloquies. A very curious confirmation nevertheless of his views is forthcoming from a very unexpected quarter. Not many days ago, the leading Dastur of Bombay courageously came forward in the "Jam-e-Jamshed" to denounce the misleading data about the birth of Zoroaster as given in a traditional work often quoted as an authority.

"KAISER-E-HIND'S" SPECIAL MONOGRAPH.

The extensively read Parsi weekly "Kaiser-e-Hind" is continuing its bold campaign of exposure of some of the parasitical humbugs which batten on Parsi society and community in literary and other circles. Its efforts will shortly be reinforced by a special monograph which is being prepared in London. However, I have misgivings about the complete efficacy of the pioneer measure. The average Parsi is so blindly generous and the wealthy when religiously inclined are so much susceptible to adulation that frauds of the nature laid bare here are not likely to be extinguished unless a sounder system such as that adumbrated by Mr. Bhabha some years ago is introduced and enforced.

LECTURES ON NAVIGATION OF SASSANIAN PERIOD.

It is a great pleasure to me to announce that very shortly at the invitation of Sir Hormasji C. Dinshaw, President of the "Iran League," a course of lectures on the Navigation of the Sassanian and early Islamic periods will be delivered in Bombay by Professor Dr. Hadi Hasan of the Aligarh Moslem University. The Parsis have been introduced to an endless stream of savants from the West. Professor Hadi Hasan is the second Islamic Doctor employed by the community on research work.

"NATIONAL" VS. MODERN DRESS.

The Islamic world is sometimes branded as inherently fanatic. And Turkey, Persia and Afghanistan are unceasingly attempting to be modernized. Egypt is adopting, with little resistance and in some case perhaps undue alacrity, the entirely costume prevalent among the Christian nations. It has been reserved for the most advanced community in India or rather to do justice to the latter, it has been reserved for a certain section of it, to come forward with the vigour of the Old Nights Errants, "to propose that the Parsis preserve their national dress." The affrontery shown in suggesting that Mr. Justice Tarapore should resume this mongrel garb on the Bench which is neither Hindu, Muslim, Parsi nor, Christian, is, indeed, a sign of the age of regeneration! The Parsis who went to Teheran in the seventeenth century dress were amazed at the European dress of the members of the Cabinet, and Reza Shah himself. They have unfortunately not laid due emphasis on this wise adaptability of the most conservative among the religious denominations of the world. It is a funny ideal this, for the coming generation of the Parsis—this craze for the antique, but it gains something more valuable than gold itself—the plaudits, vigorous and lusty, of the semi-educated.

DR. JAL PAVRI.

Dr. Jal Pavri has now graduated himself in the Parsi sacerdotal profession. Consistently with his conscientious views on the essentials of Zoroastrianism, he has gone more than half the way to meet the traditionalists. He has passed the Nawar test. He is now qualifying himself for the "martabeh"—an ecclesiastical degree which is considered essential to the post of an officiating Dastur. (Note, in passing, that the term itself is Arabic and hence modern, and can lay no claim to antiquity). The whole ceremonial is a relic of the late Sassanian revival. Some of its peculiar features have been duly noted by Mussalman contemporaries.) Thus the "gods on earth" and the patrons and protegies in turn of the spiritualists in the community have been duly placated. I have no doubt in my mind about the peculiar qualifications of Dr. Pavri to be the religious head in a Parsi city.

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Economic & Financial Review

HANDLOOM INDUS RY.

BY "KRISTODAS."

I am left sometimes wondering if it is not some of our own politicians and economists who are more opposed to the programme laid down by Mahatmaji than the Government. These politicians and economists to whom I refer here are bred up in the Western school of economics and have from copy book maxims come to the conclusion that land industries cannot stand against the factory system They are under the comfortable delusion that the world has not moved at all since they studied their economics and that no changes have been made in the viewpoint of mankind towards social and economic problems. Some of the Provincial Governments or at any rate some of their officers are confronted by hard facts and have got enough of compromise in them to change their theories and viewpoints in view of these hard facts. The crust of conservatism has not covered them over to this extent as to make them impervious to the surging waves outside. The Bihar and Orissa Government have thus always a soft corner in their heart for the handloom industry. They organised a few years back a special exhibition of handlooms and spinning wheels and their Director of Industries and textile expert had very good things to say about the potentialities of handlooms and their products. In the last report issued by the Department of Industries of their province they have referred to handloom industry which supplies about 50 per cent of the sartorial requirements of the province. The United Provinces Department of Industries has also in its last report emphasised the importance of the handloom industry in a very sympathetic spirit. It is found that the number of persons supported by weaving in 1901 was 947,873; 853,133 in 1911 and 731,813 in 1921. The Director of Industries of this Province like his colleague of Bihar and Orissa does not believe that the factory system has ruined the handloom industry. As against this refreshingly bold and independent opinion based upon facts one may well contrast views of economists and politicians of the so-called Liberal school of thought to whom the mention of Khaddar is anathema and who can never believe that the handloom industry can hold its own against the factory system, for the theories which have obsessed them and are more to them than life would not allow them to think in this wise.

The Director of Industries, U.P. writes very informingly:—"The gradual decline in the number of men gaining their livelihood by this industry is in a measure, but not entirely due to the pressure of foreign competition..... If mill industry could succeed in throttling the cottage craft the decline would have been far more rapid." The condition of the weaving industry in this country seems to be, as is rightly remarked, like that of the domestic handicrafts of Servia and Bulgaria which have not been displaced by the factory system. The weaver can compete successfully with the mills not merely in the production of fine fabrics but also in the output of the coarser counts.

REASONS FOR DEPRESSION

What are then the causes which have operated in reducing the number of weavers in different provinces and in driving these independent and able artisans to a life of ordinary wage earners in spinning and weaving mills? It has been a great tragedy and will be a greater tragedy still if our inactivity and indifference lead to elimination of an industry which supplies almost 33 p.c. of our clothing requirements. The department of Industries, U.P., gives the following reasons:

"The main reason why handloom weaving is not progressing is that it lacks the advantages which accrue from organisation, and it has no marketing facilities which is an essential concommitant of industrial production. The weaver pays heavily—sometimes as much as 25 per cent.—for his credit purchases of yarn; and is also fleeced by the middlemen who sell the finished products." Cooperative societies are started in some places to help these weavers both with regard to financing and marketing but their number is not still large and falls far short of what is required to keep the handloom weaver on his legs and not allow him to succumb before the Juggernaut car of modern industrialism. Departments of Industries of these two Provinces have directly recognised and appreciated the importance of the handloom industry but neither their Governments nor the other Provincial Governments have taken any appreciable pains to translate their into action. The Government of India has spent crores of taxpayers' money for the protection of the Iron and Steel Industry and has recently remitted two crores to the cotton textile industry by the abolition of the cotton excise duty. A country which aspires to be self-contained and to have national industries cannot afford to grudge this money. If however even a small percentage of this be spent on the handloom industry, it will give an ample and immediate return in the prosperity of handloom weavers and the increased strength of the industry. All the Provincial Governments must lay down a comprehensive and systematic policy for protection of the handloom industry. This requires an immediate inquiry by a competent commission or committee. Ordinarily I am not fond of these commissions which either present reactionary or indifferent reports or which have their reports discredited by the Government if they happen to be favourable to the popular cause. The problem of the handloom industry, however, is so important and besides affecting the fortune of a big industry is concerned with the lives of hundreds of thousands of our fellow beings, that it is worth our while to ask for the whole question being examined by a competent commission. If it is possible to get the Agricultural Commission to go into this inquiry so much the better. Invitation to Mahatmaji to discuss the problems coming before this Commission by His Excellency the Acting Governor makes such a reference possible. My view that Mahatmaji was the greatest Indian economist was looked at askance by some people. Now that the invitation has proceeded from the head of the Province to him to discuss questions relating to agriculture, these very people may begin to think that there was something after all in what I said and that the gospel of Mahatmaji will lay the foundation of a truly Indian economy as Adam Smith laid the foundation of Western economy.

PROTECTION TO NATIONAL INDUSTRIES.

The outlook of Anglo-Indian critics and even some of our own people with regard to economic questions is that Western countries may take steps even of the most drastic character to protect their industries but that it will be *infra dig* for us in this country even to think of taking those steps. Thus according to a decree issued by the Government of Equador native manufacturing companies, as well as those having one-third of their capital owned by Equadoreans, will be entirely exempt from taxation with the single exception of a sale tax, for a period of five years. On the other hand, exemption from import duties and charges is granted on foreign machines and accessories, raw materials and chemicals and other articles required for the establishment and operation of native manufactories. As was recently pointed out by the Indian Merchants' Chamber, there are duties on the import of raw materials still charged in this country. The Government of Equador has issued instructions to all departments to give preference to articles produced in the country. Almost a similar policy has been adopted by the Turkish Government also, which has sent a circular to all industrial companies working with foreign capital, in which, if they have not yet become naturalised in accordance with the law of November 30, 1924, a further short time is granted them in which to apply for naturalisation. Should the companies fail to do so all further activity in Turkey will be forbidden them!

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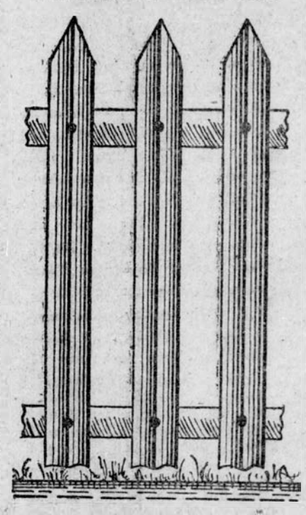
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THE ANDHRA PATRIKA writes:
"We received on 7-11-1923 from V. K. Satagopacharlar, Tiruttani a letter (published in our issue of 12-11-23), predicting that Mahatmaji will be released on 5-2-1924 at 7 a. m. It so happened. We heartily commend the marvellous capabilities of his astrologer to the public.

No. 4 Edinburgh
I hie me forth into the rain and have much wetness thrust upon me.
Dinner with G. soon divided me he being a case of few words and fine ability.
Which accounted, I suppose, for a sense of extreme well-being and ineffable peace, from which I was aroused by Grandfather in the corner chiming the hour of midnight. G. stirred, pulled out his chain until his Gold "SPECIAL" appeared, looked at it, at Grandfather, at me, nodded and drowsed off again.
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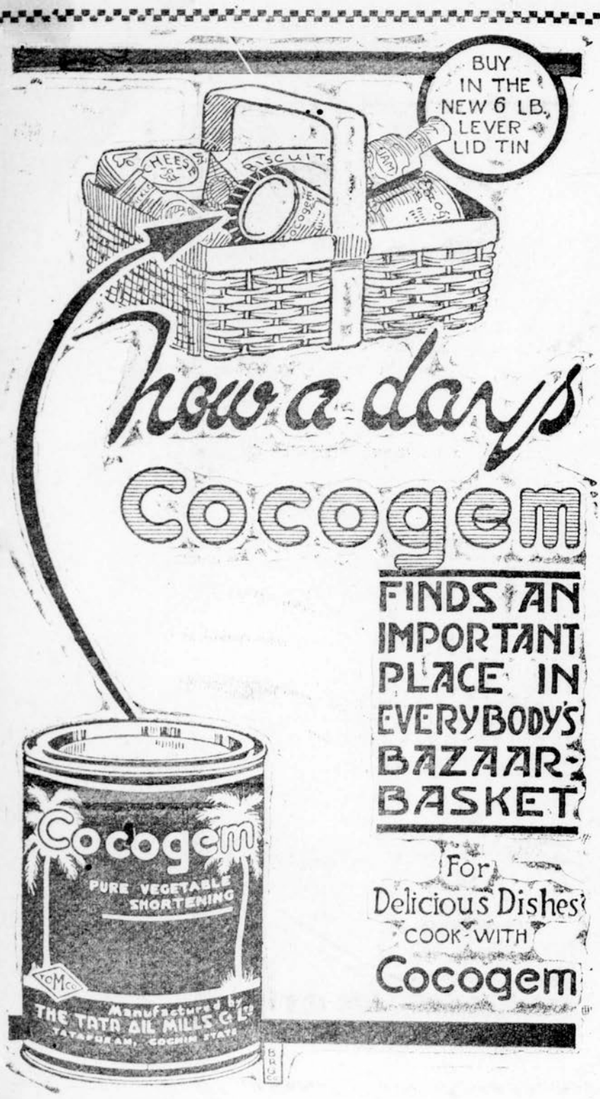
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IMPORTANT.

As announced in the Jubilee meeting held on 12th March under the presidentship of Masih-ul-Mulk H. M. Ajmal Khan, Amritdhara and its preparations are, now a days, sold on ¾th and all other medicine and books are sold on half price and this will continue uptill 31st May, 1926. Detailed Catalogue can be had on application. Three sizes of Amritdhara are sold at 1/14, As. 15 and As. 6 instead of, 2/8, 1/4, As. 8 respectively.

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WARNING TO MAHATMAJI.

GOVERNOR'S INVITATION.

AHMEDABAD, May 2.

Mr. Gandhi has received numerous letters of warnings regarding his acceptance of the invitation of the Governor of Bombay to discuss with him about the Royal Commission on Agriculture. Referring to these letters Mr. Gandhi writes in to-day's "Navjivan" that if Indians aspired to win Swaraj they should not entertain such fears or suspicions. They might not accept gifts from officials of seek their favours or hold any posts but it was not proper to be afraid of meeting them.

Not only that but it was improper not to meet them at the proper occasions. Similar fears were entertained when he (Mr. Gandhi) met Lord Reading, but he believed that it was proper for him to meet Lord Reading. They had lost nothing thereby and he had gained something as he could form a proper estimate of Lord Reading. In some manner he hoped to gain by meeting the Governor of Bombay. He would express his views and in return learn the views of the Governor and if there were any errors in his (Mr Gandhi's) views he would correct them.—A.P.

JAIL REFORMS IN PUNJAB

LAHORE, April 30.

"The Bande Matram" understands that the Punjab Government is contemplating the introduction of various reforms in the present jail administration of the province in pursuance of certain recommendations of the Punjab Jails Enquiry Committee whose report it has been considering for some time past. These reforms, it is understood, include the abolition of the existing posts of jailor, deputy jailor and assistant jailor and the creation instead of deputy and assistant superintendents. Unlike the present incumbents these new officers would be required to possess better educational qualifications and would receive higher emoluments. Of the existing jailors and their assistants only such would be recruited for new jobs as were of good repute. The paper further understands that orders have already been issued for discontinuing some of the present prison labours like the drawing of water from wells.

Among new recommendations proposed are arrangements for recreation and the starting of separate kitchens for Hindus and Mussalmans. To carry out these reforms an additional Inspector-General of Prisons is proposed to be appointed.—A.P.

PILGRIMS TO MECCA.

MAULANA SHAUKAT ALI'S BULLETIN.

Maulana Shaukat Ali has sent the following message to the Press.

"Seen Turner Morrison Company and can now definitely say that S. S. "Akbar" their biggest and fastest ship will carry the Khilafat and the Jamiat-ul-Ulema Delegations sailing about 12th May or so. It can carry 1,500 pilgrims. If bookings are complete in Bombay, she will not go to Karachi, but sail direct to Jeddah, reaching there in ten days. First and Second class accommodation for 44 persons only is available. All those intending going by S. S. "Akbar" with us must wire accomrfodation needed to both the Khilafat Office and Messrs Turner Morrison, and send money for their passage. Deck return Rs. 195, Second Rs. 450 and First Rs. 550. Besides the Khilafat and Jam'at-ul-Ulema Delegations, Messrs. Nasim of Lucknow, Munshi Imtiaz Ali of Oudh, Haji Jan Mohamed of Peshawar, and Seth Haji Moona Thambi with family from Karikal also go in S. S. "Akbar". Passengers intending to go must reach Bombay before 10th.

The trunk telephone service beween Calcutta and Patna came into operation from the 1st instant. The fee for each call of three minutes duration is Rs. 3-8.0.

Srimat Kripasaran Bhikkhu, President, Bengal Buddhist Association, and founder of the Buddha Dhamankur Sabha, died on the 1st instant at 7-30 p.m.

A Wellington Madras message says:—The noteworthy events that were disposed of on Sunday in the Garrison Tennis Tournament were the semi-final in men's open singles when brother C. A. Price, the Nilgiri champion, defeated Mr. C. V. Krishnamuthu Aiyer, the Presidency champion, who came from Salem.

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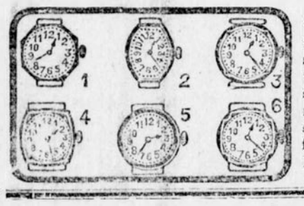

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